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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Gen. Dundonald with a small force entered Ladysmith unopposed, the Boer forces there and at other places in the vicinity having withdrawn; the Boer also evacuated Colesburg. —— Two men seriously injured by explosion of a boiler at Plant City, Fla. —— Filipinos ambushed ten men of the Third Cavalry, killing one. —— Four passengers killed and a number injured in a railroad accident near Plainville, Conn. —— Steamer Westover badly damaged by collision with a pier near Philadelphia. —— Great rejoicing in England over the news of the relief of Ladysmith. —— —— N. Y. markets: Money on call steady; actual transactions ranging from 2@2½ per cent., the last loan being at 2½ per cent; cotton firm, middling uplands 9 7-16c; flour was quieter than usual but fairly steady, wheat—spot steady No. 2 red 73¼c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 41½c; oats—spot dull, No. 2 28½c; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine dull at 55½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Wilmington, N. C., March 1.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 54 degrees; 8 P. M., 44 degrees; maximum, 57 degrees; minimum, 44 degrees; mean, 52 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .34; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .34 inches.

Stage of water at 8 A. M. at Fayetteville 14.1 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—For North Carolina—Fair Friday and Saturday, diminishing westerly winds.

Port Almanac---March 2.

Sun Rises	6.32 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.56 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H 25 M.
High Water at Southport.	8 47 P. M.
High Water. Wilmington.	11.16 P. M

England gets a good deal of her chicken meat from this country and Canada. Last year she took 6,000,000 pounds.

One of the coolest suicides on record occurred a few days ago in Denver, when a fellow who was tired of that town locked himself up in a refrigerator and froze to death.

An engine on the Lehigh Valley Railroad recently accomplished the feat of hauling 33 steel and 37 wooden cars, loaded, the aggregate weight being 9,000,000 pounds, and it wasn't down hill either.

The Japanese are throwing off their sandals with other old notions and showing a liking for American made boots and shoes. But they insist that they shall be made wide and roomy at the toes. Sensible Japs.

Death of Mr. James Sorsby.

News has been received in the city of the death of Mr. James Sorsby at Albany, Ga., which occurred on Monday night of acute kidney trouble and a complication of throat diseases. He was for a number of years employed at the A. C. L. ticket office in Wilmington, and has many friends here who will hear with regret of his sudden demise. He was employed at the time of his death by the Plant System, and was held in high regard by his employers. He was a son of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Sorsby, of Nashville, N. C., and was in the 28th year of his age. He was a nephew of Mrs. J. E. Nelms, of this city.

Revenue Cutter Algonquin.

It was reported in the city yesterday that the revenue cutter *Algonquin*, which is in for harbor at Southport, had gone aground during the storm early yesterday morning. The grounding was however, only slight and no damage resulted, The *Jones* went to her assistance and pulled her off yesterday morning about ten o'clock without difficulty. She proceeded up to this port about 4.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

Harbor Master's Report.

The report of Capt. Edgar D. Williams, harbor master, for February shows arrivals of vessels of 90 tons and over during the month as follows:

American—Six steamships, 6,484 tons; 2 barges, 1,148 tons; 8 schooners, 2,429 tons. Total vessels, 16; total tonnage, 10,061.

Foreign—Two barques, 767 tons. Total vessels, 2; total tonnage, 767.

Grand total—Eighteen vessels; tonnage, 10,828.

The Elk's Company.

The formal application for a charter for the "Elks Company" was made yesterday to Col. Jno. D. Taylor, Clerk of the Superior Court, by William J. Bellamy, Esq., attorney. The form of application was previously adopted by the building committee of Wilmington Lodge No. 532 B. P. O. E., at a meeting held yesterday afternoon. Col. Taylor will forward the application to the Secretary of State today.

Polling Places for the Primary.

Elsewhere in the Star this morning will be found an official notice designating the polling places for the Democratic primary election to be held on Thursday, March 22nd, for the purpose of choosing the various nominees of the party to be voted for at the November election. The store at the Delgado Mill will be one of the polling places.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Democratic Primaries for New Hanover county, Thursday, March 22nd.

— There will be a regular meeting of the Board of Health at the office of the Superintendent this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

— For an "infant industry" (but one year old) the Murchison National Bank, whose statement appears in the Star to-day, makes an excellent showing.

— Mr. Thad F. Tyler has the contract for building the four large bins at the city rock quarries in East Wilmington. The new rock crusher is doing excellent work.

— The speech of Hon. John D. Bellamy on the Porto Rican bill has been received with merited praise. An extract from the speech is printed on the second page of the Star to day

— A comparative statement of the receipts of cotton and naval stores at the port of Wilmington for the month of February is printed in the commercial columns of the Star this morning.

— The northeast gale yesterday morning made high tides on the seaside and in the Cape Fear. The water was so high at the Wilmington Compress that 250 bales of cotton had to be moved out.

— Sam Kelley and wife, Sophia Kelley, were before Justice Bornemann yesterday morning charged with assault with a deadly weapon. The warrant was amended to disorderly conduct and both were dismissed upon payment of cost.

— The Star is in receipt of an interesting letter from Mr. Charles Hoffman, who is now a member of Company B, Twenty seventh regiment, U. S. V. I., now stationed at San Meto, P. I. He has friends in Wilmington who will be pleased to know he is doing well.

— L'Elite Cotillon Club met yesterday afternoon and adopted a constitution and by-laws. Several application for membership were deferred for consideration until the next meeting, which will be held Thursday of next week at the residence of Mr. H. P. West, North Third street.

— Quarterly interest is now due at the banking-house of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company. It is worthy of note that though the savings banks of Richmond, Charleston and other places have reduced their rate of interest to 3 per cent. per annum, the above institution maintains its original rate of 4 per cent. per annum

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. M. Cumming—For sale.
Masonic—Meeting Wil. Lodge.
Primary Election—Polling places.
J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Grapes, pears.
Murchison National Bank—Statement.
Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.—Interest.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—Second hand chain.
Wanted—Second-hand typewriter.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Dr. C. T. Hawes went up to Kenansville yesterday on a professional visit.

— Col. V. V. Richardson, of Whiteville, spent yesterday in the city on business.

— George Rountree, Esq., returned to the city yesterday morning from a trip up the W. & W. railroad.

—Mr. W. H. Peterson, of Goldsboro, who has for some time been a member of the clerical force in the A. C. L., auditor's office, has resigned his position and returned to his home, where he will have a position in his father's store.

—Messrs. H. S. Hurff and H. B. Comstock, of Washington, D. C., are in the city introducing "Six Thousand Years of History" put out by the publishers through the Advertising League of Philadelphia. Mr. Hurff is a member of Scott's Council No. 458, National Union, and is being warmly greeted by the brethren of the new lodge of that order here.

Death of C. L. Banner.

The Greensboro *Evening Telegram* of a recent date announces the death at Richmond of Mr. C. L. Banner, who is well and favorabiy known here as railroad postal route agent on the Yadkin division of the A. C. L. He was a native of Mt. Airy and had gone to Richmond to have an operation performed for catarrh, dying soon after the operation, He had been in the railway mail service for about six years.

The Confederate Museum.

The museum of Confederate relics maintained at the armory of the Wilmington Light Infantry under the auspices of Cape Fear Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, will be open this (Friday) afternoon from 4 to 5 o'clock. The ladies will be pleased to receive donations or loans of relics, and visitors will be welcomed to the museum.

Acceptance.

Without my solicitation or knowledge my name has been suggested for the nomination of Sheriff of New Hanover county at the approaching Democratic primaries, and I have consented to that end, I hereby ask the support of the Democratic voters of the county, promising, if elected, to faithfully and honestly discharge the duties of the position.

† 4t SAMUEL NORTHROP.

THE STREET PAVING.

Existing Act of the Legislature Suggested as Solution of the Problem.

AN EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENT.

Provision Discovered Already on the Statute Books Which Will Obviate Necessity of Appealing to the General Assembly.

Ex-Mayor John J. Fowler, who is probably the best informed man in Wilmington on laws pertaining to the city, called the attention of a Star representative yesterday to an act, which to all appearances, is a solution the oft discussed street problem and one which has thus far escaped the attention of those interested in pushing the early paving of Princess street and the section of Market leading from Front to the dock.

The act referred to is one entitled "An act to empower the commissioners of the town of Wilmington to establish streets in said town, and for other purposes," and was passed at the session of the Legislature for the term of 1854-'55. Mr. Fowler has made a careful search of the subsequent proceedings of the Legislature and says that he has been unable to find where the act in question has been either repealed or amended and it it therefore, still valid and operative, obviating the necessity of appealing to the Legislature to, in a measure, coerce property owners who are benefitted to share the expense of such paving.

Section 6 of the act referred to is the one which bears directly on the question at point and the language of the same in substance is as follows:

"That whereas the commissioners (Aldermen) of said town for the improvement of the streets of said town, are required from time to time to incur large expenses in grading, paving and making gutters and sewers in such streets, and in some cases injury is done to the proprietors of lots on such streets, and in other cases the lots on such streets and in the vicinity thereof are much increased in value, and it is desirable that equal justice as between the said commissioners and the proprietors of the lots on such streets so improved should be administered without delay for the speedy adjustment of all such cases, three freeholders of said town shall be nominated and appointed by said commissioners, and a like number by and on behalf of the proprietors of lots on any street improved as aforesaid, and in the vicinity thereof, who shall together constitute a committee for ascertaining the damage to the proprietors of lots on such streets and also for ascertaining the increased value of lots on such streets by reason of the improvement of such streets by the commissioners as aforesaid; and committee being first duly sworn by some justice of the peace of New Hanover county, faithfully and impartially to assess the damages that may be sustained by the proprietors of lots by reason of any work or improvement done by the commissioners aforesaid on any street adjoining thereto, and also to appraise and assess the increased value given to any lots on such streets, or in the vicinity of such streets, by reason of such work or other improvements done as aforesaid on such streets; shall proceed to view such streets and the lots adjoining thereto and in the vicinity thereof, and assess the damage to the proprietors of the lots on such streets and to appraise and assess in due ratio the increased value of the several lots on such streets, and in the vicinity thereof, as the case may happen to be; and the amount so ascertained by said committee, or a majority thereof, whether of damages sustained or of the increased value of the several lots on said streets, or in the vicinity thereof, shall be considered as a final and conclusive adjustment of the matters so submitted to said committee, who shall make report in writing to the commissioners of said town, of the sums so as aforesaid ascertained by them, and said sums shall be a debt due by the party charged therewith by said committee in their said report, and the same may be received before any tribunal having jurisdiction of a debt of like amount by the party to whom such sum is to be paid according to such reports; and if the commissioners or proprietors shall not, after notice in writing from the other party, nominate three pollholders of said town to act as members of said committee, then in that case the three freeholders, who may have been nominated by the other party, shall act as said committee and shall have all the powers, hereby conferred on a committee composed of members appointed by both of said parties, and the sum ascertained by a majority of them shall be paid by the party charged therewith by their report.

As the law appears to be still operative, as stated, Mr. Fowler thinks this is an easy solution of the problem and the wonder is that such provision has not been discovered before. It is further contended that the Street Railway Co., under existing laws, is required to pave that part of the street occupied by its track, which is about eight feet, and the expense, therefore, incident to the paving of Princess street appears to be very nominal upon all parties concerned.

Rev. F. W. E. Peschau, D. D.

The Greensburg, Pa., *Press* of February 26th contains an extended account of his farewell sermon and prints a portrait of Dr. F. W. E. Peschau, who on the Sunday previous severed his connection as pastor of Greensburg Zion Lutheran church to accept the pastorate of a church at Miamisburg, Ohio. The article embraces a very comprehensive report of the work of Dr. Peschau as pastor in that city and expresses regret at his decision to enter upon another work.

FOR SHERIFF,

FRANK H. STEDMAN.

feb 28

SUPREME COUNCILLOR OF CHOSEN FRIENDS.

Hon. Howard H. Morse, of New York, Head of the Order, Visits Wilmington Council—Royally Dined.

The Hon. Howard H. Morse, of New York, Supreme Councillor of the Order of Chosen Friends, arrived in the city at 1.30 P. M. yesterday by the Atlantic Coast Line's southern train. He came on an official visit to Wilmington Council No. 19, and was accompanied by Mr. H. Witcover, of Marion, S. C., Deputy Supreme Councillor.

The two visitors were met at Front Street station by the following members of a reception committee which had been appointed for the purpose: Provisional Grand Councillor Rev. Dr. S. Mendelsohn, Past Councillor Wm Struthers, Vice Councillor J. D. Edwards and Secretary H. C. Twining, of Wilmington Council, and Messrs. G. W. Bronson and T. W. Clawson. The committee accompanied the Supreme Councillor to The Orton, where he was entertained during his stay in the city.

Last night, Wilmington Council gave a reception to Supreme Councillor Morse at the rooms of Harmony Circle, in the MacRae building, on North Front street. About sixty members of the Council and a few guests were in attendance.

At 8:30 o'clock, Deputy Supreme Councilor H. Witcover, who was the organizer of the Chosen Friends in North Carolina and who instituted Wilmington Council, called the assemblage to order and announced that the distinguished Supreme Councillor was here.

On the rostrum were seated Dr. Mendelsohn, and Messrs. George H. Heyer, Wm. Struthers, Wm. Niestlie, H. C. Twining and I. M. Bear, of the committee. When Mr. Witcover had made a few remarks, other members of the committee came in escorting the Supreme Councillor and he was appropriately introduced by Mr. Witcover.

Supreme Councillor Morse was received with applause, and for thirty minutes he entertained the audience with an eloquent address in which he spoke of the origin and principles of the Order of Chosen Friends and of the work the order is doing in the United States from the Atlantic to the Pacific and from the Great Lakes to the Gulf of Mexico. His address dealt mainly with the proposition of fraternal co operation. He stated that the Order of Chosen Friends was organized twenty years ago at Indianapolis, Ind., and that during his administration for twelve years the order has paid out $13,000,000 for death benefits. During the past year the death benefits have been over $1,000,000. There are now 600 Councils and 25,000 members in the United States. The order admits both men and women to membership.

Previous to and after the address, there was music by an orchestra, and upon conclusion of the Supreme Councillor's remarks, everybody was invited to partake of an elegant supper in the rear hall. A long table was beautifully spread, and after supper remarks of welcome by Dr. Mendelsohn, who sat at the right of Mr. Morse, the feast was partaken of. The menu embraced turkey, tongue and other meats, salads, pickles, coffee, cakes, and ice cream.

Supreme Councillor Morse has been on a visit to the order in Georgia and South Carolina, and will leave here this morning for Richmond, Va. He is a distinguished New York lawyer, and is one of John D. Rockefeller's counsel. He is a prominent member of Tammany Hall and is an ex-mayor of Tarrytown. He is being urged for the Democratic nomination for Congress, but will not stand for it, owing to the pressure of his legal and order business.

The object of the visit of the Supreme Councillor is for the purpose of extending the operations of the order in the South. It is already very strong in the North.

SMALLPOX IN THE COUNTRY.

Negro at Wrightsville Discovered With the Disease Yesterday Afternoon.

The smallpox pest house had been hardly vacated by the old negro "Bacchus," his wife and seven children, before another occupant was found and confined within its walls. This time the patient is a negro named George S. Brown, from Wrightsville Sound and he was isolated by Dr. McMillan early yesterday afternoon, having exhibited every symptom of the disease, which has been so prevalent in the State for the past six months.

Mr. John Jordan has been stationed as guard at the house of detention and the outbreak of the disease at the Sound is not considered dangerous. Dr. Richard J. Price, under orders from Dr. McMillan, went immediately to Wrightsville to look into the situation and vaccinated all those who came in contact with Brown,

Trains Running on the Beach.

The train on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad, which has not been run over on the beach since the track on the ocean side was destroyed by the disastrous West India hurricane of October 31st, made the first trip over the newly-laid track yesterday. The track has been relaid from the Banks Channel trestle to the Atlantic Club house, and work still progresses on the southern end of the line.

As the track has been laid now, the train will commence to haul material for the rebuilding and repair of the cottage. A number of the cottagers have already made arrangements to rebuild.

THE SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

Manager Bragg Took Charge Yesterday. He is a Nephew of Governor Bragg and of Gen. Braxton Bragg.

Mr. John Bragg, of Montgomery, Ala., who came here on Saturday, February 17th, to succeed Mr. Woodruff as manager of the Wilmington Exchange of the Southern Bell Telephone Company, took charge as manager yesterday morning.

Manager Bragg is a native of Mobile, Ala., but for some years past he has been city passenger agent of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Montgomery. This is his first experience in the telephone business, but as he is a live, thorough going, intelligent and clever gentleman, he will no doubt make an excellent manager. His father was a North Carolinian, the Hon. John Bragg, who emigrated to Alabama in 1835. He was a brother of the late Governor Thomas Bragg, of North Carolina and of the distinguished Confederate General Braxton Bragg

Mr. Woodruff expects to leave here in about a week for Charleston, having been promoted to manager of that Exchange. He has been manager here about three years and it is needless to say that he leaves a host of friends behind him. During his management of this Exchange it subscribers have doubled in number, being now 602.

HARBOR SHIPPING NEWS.

Two Schoosers Arrived for Lumber Yesterday—Movements of River Craft.

The schooner *Cora M.*, with the popular Captain Mitchell in charge, arrived in port yesterday from San Juan, Porto Rico, having just passed in at Southport in time to escape Wednesday night's storm. While at San Juan Captain Mitchell was entertained at dinner by the soldiers of the United States' post there, and speaks in enthusiastic terms of the hospitality accorded him. Captain Mitchell says that if all Uncle Sam's soldiers fare as well as those at San Juan there will never be any further need of an "embalmed beef inquiry."

The schooner *George W. Whitford*, 181 tons, Captain Decker, arrived in port last evening from Perth Amboy and will load with lumber here for New York.

The tug *Protector* is still in port awaiting favorable weather to proceed for Charleston with the barges *Carrie L. Tyler* and *Maria Dolores*.

The river steamboats *Driver* and *A. J. Johnson* were in port yesterday, clearing last evening for their respective return trips to Fayetteville and Clear Run. The *Johnson* has been delayed on account of slight repairs to her machinery. The steamer *Seabright* expected to clear last night for Little River, S. C.

"PEACE'S" DOCTRINE AGAIN.

Caused a Dispute in Manuel Toomer's Household Which the Mayor Settled.

The queer religious doctrine promulgated by the half breed Indian negro, who styles himself "Peace or God of the Universe," has again resulted in one of his followers in "Brooklyn" being drawn up before the court.

In this instance the negro whose religous belief has brought him into court is Manuel Toomer, one of the city scavengers. He was converted to the queer doctrine by "Peace" several months ago, and as his wife did not adopt the new religion, he was forced to leave her and take up his abode in a tenement house occupied in common by "the holy spirits" as the converts to "Peace's" fanaticism call themselves. Later he felt called upon to return to his original home and take away his son, to which the wife strenuously objected. Mayor Waddell was called upon to settle the dispute at yesterday morning's session of the municipal court, and as the boy expressed an inclination to remain with his father, he was allowed to do so and the husband and wife departed satisfied.

New Postal Offices.

Manager Jno. E. Wood and his corps of operators at the Postal Telegraph office will be on "speaking terms" with quite a number of new towns from a telegraphic point of view this morning. He has received notification that the new offices at Charlotte, Salisbury, Concord, Burlington and Greensboro will be "cut on" to-day and of course he has his chute open for business with his new neighbors.

Chamber of Commerce.

Yesterday at 3:30 P. M. was the time for the annual meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, but as no quorum was present and Mr. W. E. Worth, the president, was absent at Macon, Ga., in attendance on the convention of Southern Ice Manufactures, the Chamber adjourned till 3:30 P. M. next Thursday. Reports of officers concerning the work of the past year will then be made and officers will be elected for the current year.

A Card.

I would be inhuman if I were unmindful of the very kind expressions about me, both in person and in print, in the last few days. Emanating from so many of my friends, it causes me to welcome them with the deepest gratitude, and to consent to their using my name as a candidate for Treasurer of New Hanover county. Should my fellow citizens deem me worthy and elect me, I trust none will have cause to regret it.

† 4t JAMES I. METTS.

A FRIGHTFUL FALL.

Mr. John Kane, Bridge Inspector for the Atlantic Coast Line, Killed Yesterday.

HE FELL FIFTY-FIVE FEET.

Mr. Kane Lost His Footing While on Top of the Coast Line Coal Elevator—The Funeral This Afternoon at Oakdale Cemetery.

Mr. John Kane, bridge inspector of the Atlantic Coast Line, met with a frightful fall yesterday morning at 8 30 o'clock. He had gone up on the Coast Line's coal elevator, at the foot of Brunswick street, and had a couple of men with him, Messrs. Ben Watson and Fred Blanchard, to line the reloading bin with sheet iron. The bin is 55 feet above the wharf. While walking across a bridge from the main bin to the coal bin, he stumbled and fell. Mr. Blanchard being above and seeing him stumble cried out in alarm and attempted to catch him but to no avail. He went down feet foremost, with his assistants horrified at the fate that awaited him.

Mr. M. H. Johnson, foreman of the Coast Line carpenter force, was standing on the grond thirty feet from where Mr. Kane struck the wharf. When he saw that he had fallen, he was fixed to the spot with fright. He saw Mr. Kane in his descent clutch wildly at the truss under the bridge, but the force of his fall broke his hold, and striking with his feet against some of the timbers he was made to cut a somersault and sent whirling to the heavy plank wharf. He struck with terrific force, and immedialely Mr. Johnson went to him, being joined by Messrs. Watson and Blanchard as soon as they could get down from the top of the elevator. Mr. Johnson found Mr. Kane conscious in spite of his awful fall, but it was apparent that he was terribly injured. Pulling off his coat and putting it under Mr. Kane's head, Mr. Johnson sent one of the men to call a surgeon. Meanwhile, Mr. Kane with great fortitude directed the men how to handle him.

Dr. D. W. Bulluck, the Coast Line surgeon, was soon by Mr. Kane's side, and was soon afterwards joined by Dr. E. J. Nixon, medical examiner of the Atlantic Coast Line Relief Department, They administered emergency relief to the injured man and he was taken on a car to the city hospital by way of the track of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad. Both the surgeons accompanied him and did everything in their power for his relief but he died from his injuries at 11.05 o'clock.

It is wonderful that Mr. Kane survived more than two hours after his frightful fall. His pelvis was fractured and he sustained several internal injuries. His scalp was also lacerated and contused, but the skull was not fractured. His lower extremities were considerably bruised. The immediate cause of his death was internal hemorrhage. He was conscious till the last.

Mr. Kane was aged about 52 years and was said to be a man of quiet habits and sturdy character. He was employed as bridge inspector by the Atlantic Coast Line four or five months ago, and having completed some work on the bridge over Northeast river at Castle Haynes, he arrived here with his car on Wednesday night to work on the coal elevator. Before engaging with the Coast Line he was in the employ of the Edgmoar Bridge Company, of Wilmington, Delaware. He was not a married man, so far as is known, and being a stranger to the railroad people, it is not known where his home is. A search in his pockets and among his effects in the car in which he lived, resulted in the finding of letters from a sister and a nice in St. Louis, Mo. They were telegraphed the sad news of his death.

The funeral of Mr. Kane will take place in the lodge at Oakdale cemetery this afternoon at five o'clock. Mr. W. L. Sharp, the undertaker, will have charge of the arrangements. He will have carriages at the Coast Line building at 4:30 p. m., so the Coast Line officials and others can attend the obsequies. They will be driven to the hospital and thence they will accompany the remains to the cemetery.

WARD AND VOKES.

An Excellent Performance at the Opera House Last Evening.

Only a fair-sized audience greeted Ward and Vokes at the Opera House last night. The performance, entitled the "Floor Walkers," was unquestionably the most ludicrous and thoroughly entertaining play of the kind that has appeared here this season. From start to finish the audience was in a continuous burst of laughter. Ward and Vokes are a close approach to the famous Weber and Fields combination of New York city, and last night by their superlative absurdities and rattling fun proved themselves beyond a doubt an attraction of great force and merit.

The "Floor Walkers" serves as a vehicle for bright, catchy songs, graceful dancing, elaborate costuming and the ridiculous absurdities of Ward and Vokes, which on account of the peculiar and humorous manner in which the whole affair is conducted renders the entertainment decidedly pleasing and enjoyable.

Mr. Will West's "Dear Old London" and the Chicago Ladies' Quartette evoked the greatest applause and were the features of the performance.

DASTARDLY ATTEMPT TO MURDER AND ROB.

Mr. A. G. Call Attacked by a Burglar in His Home Early This Morning—His Condition Precarious.

A telephone message from Mr. W. H. H. Todd to the City Hall this morning shortly before two o'clock, announced that a burglar had broken into the house of Mr. A. G. Call, the well known contractor, on Front and Wright streets and beaten him terribly, inflicting wounds which may perhaps prove fatal.

Entrance was gained through a back door to the residence and the first intimation that Mr. Call had that his house was entered was a terrible blow dealt him across the forehead, which inflicted a gash about four inches long and which probably fractured the skull. Mr. Call, who is about 65 years of age, and who is just recovering from the injury of a broken leg, sustained several months ago while doing some bridge work for the county on Masonboro Sound, was unable to defend himself and uttered a cry, which awakened Mr. Todd across the street, and Miss May Fulcher, a son of Mr. Call and two little children, the only occupants of the house. The wounded man was commanded by the cowardly robber to keep silent, and by his voice Mr. Call recognized him as a young white man to whom he had given fifty cents early in the night from a pouch of money containing about $50, which the would-be assassin saw him replace under his pillow and which the villain was evidently after when he entered the dwelling.

Upon Mr. Call's failure to heed the warning another blow was dealt him on the throat with some sharp pointed instrument which inflicted an ugly wound about three inches long and which bled profusely. The depredator, without securing the money, then rushed to the door from which he had entered and escaped.

Captain of Police Furlong, Sergeant Davis, Dr. W. D. McMillan and a Star representative visited the scene of the attempted murder soon after it was committed, and after Mr. Call's wounds were dressed he appeared to be doing well. He is still conscious.

His wife and three children are employed at night at the Wilmington Cotton Mill and were not at home at the time of the robbery.

THE NEGRO AMANDA HILL.

It is Generally Believed That She Was Overtaken Late Wednesday Night.

It was reported indirectly on the streets yesterday upon what is considered reliable authority that the negro cook, Amanda Hill, whose outrageous assault upon a very estimable white lady of Wilmington was noted in yesterday's Star, had been soundly thrashed late Wednesday night or early yesterday morning by friends of the family of the lady, who had been made the victim of the negro woman's brutality. Particulars of the affair were very meagre on account of the very active steps taken by the authorities to thwart any acts of violence, but it can be accepted without a doubt that the woman was found on the Sound and dealt summary punishment by the party of avengers.

Death of Mrs. Joseph McLaurin.

The Star regrets to chronicle the death of Mrs. Joseph McLaurin, who passed away yesterday morning at 11 30 o'clock at the residence of her son, Mr. L. W. McLaurin, 414 Chestnut street. She had been an invalid for some months, and, though her death brings great sorrow to her household and friends, it was not unexpected.

Mrs. McLaurin was born in Nantucket, Mass., and was in the 76th year of her age. She came to Wilmington when a young lady to reside with her sister, the late Mrs. R. B. Wood, Sr. The immediate members of her family who survive her are her husband, Mr. Joseph McLaurin, and four children—Mrs. Walter Coney, of Savannah, Ga.; Mrs. James H. Taylor, Mr. L. W. McLaurin, and Miss Kate B. McLaurin, of this city. Mrs. Coney having been telegraphed that the end was near, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon.

The deceased lady was the oldest living member of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, and was a woman of exemplary Christian character. In her death a good woman goes to her reward. Her bereaved family has the sympathy of a large circle of friends.

The funeral will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon at St. Andrew's church. The interment will be made at Oakdale cemetery.

DIED.

MCLAURIN—Yesterday at 11.30 o'clock A. M., MRS. JOSEPH MCLAURIN; aged 75 years.

Funeral from St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church this afternoon at 4 o'clock; thence to Oakdale cemetery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. JOHN'S HALL, March 2nd, 1900.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.

EMERGENT COMMUNICATION this (Friday) evening at 7.30 o'clock, for work in F. C. Degree.
Visiting brethren welcome.
By order of W. M.
THOS. F. BAGLEY, Secretary.
mar 2 1t

For Sale. 20 LOTS on the B. & L. PLAN.

25c down and 25c a week.

Time 4 years. No interest. Price..... $50.00 to $75.00 each

I will pay all taxes till you get your deed. Title perfect.

W. M. CUMMING,
Real Estate Agent and Notary Public.
mar 2 1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOMETHING UP-TO-DATE FOR THE LAUNDRY

in the purest and best Laundry Soaps, Fine Starch, Bluing, Washing compounds, &c. Every housewife wants that, wishes her washing made clear and white, and her flannels soft and unshrunk We have everything in household cleaners, and the best Laundry Supplies at the lowest prices to be found anywhere.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
JNO. H. DAVIS, Manager,
Bell 'Phone 287. Fourth Street Bridge.
feb 28 1t

Statement of Condition of THE

Murchison National Bank

OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the close of business February 28th, 1900.
(Began business March 1st, 1899.)

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$297 269 58
Stocks and bonds	5 135.00
U. S. bonds	113 000 00
Premium on U. S bonds	9 600 00
Five per cent. redemption fund	2 700.00
Revenue stamps	388.00
Office furniture	15. 00
Cash on hand and in banks	227.946 66
Total	$656,788.58

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$ 0 000.00
Profit and loss expenses	20 072 27
Circulation	84.00 .00
Deposits	332 696 31
Total	$656 768.58

WE SOLICIT YOUR ACCOUNT.

We can furnish you every accommodation consistent with safe Banking.
mar 2 1t

Vollers & Hashagen,

SELL

"Shield" brand Lard,
Dry Salt Sides,
Dry Salt Bellies,
Dry Salt Butts,
Smoked Meats,
Canned Meats,
Mixed & White Corn.
Seed & Feed Oats,
Choice Timothy Hay.

IN CAR LOTS AND LESS QUANTITY.

We are headquarters for the above articles. They are our specialties, and with this we have trained service and superior shipping facilities, which assure our customers every advantage in the Provision Market.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN.
feb 18 tf

Good Grapes and Pears

and where to get them.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
204 Princess street.
Inter-State 'Phone 132. mar 2 tf

POLLING PLACES.

Primary Election.

The following polling places have been selected by the Democratic Executive Committee for the Primary Election to be held Thursday, March 22nd, 1900.

First Ward—Genaust's Store.
Second Ward—Old Court House.
Third Ward—Giblem Lodge.
Fourth Ward—Worth's Ice Depot, Dock street.
Fifth Ward—Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder House.
Cape Fear Township—Blossom's Store.
Harnett Township—Township House.
Delgado Mills (Harnett Township)—Delgado Mills Store.
Masonboro Township—Township House.
Federal Point Township—Biddle's Store.

W. A. WRIGHT, Secretary.
ma 2 2t 2nd and 21st

CLEARANCE SALE!

In order to make room for Summer Furnishings I will sell a few Suits, sideboards, Book and China Cases, Ladi s' Desks, Toilet Tables and Hall Trees at actual present

Factory Cost!

It is of no use to say I will meet all competitors' prices, simply because I have EXCLUSIVE sale of the best goods made in America, and you can buy none like them elsewhere.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
Messenger and Dispatch copy. feb 25 tf

OPERA HOUSE

Saturday Matinee and Night.

A Play of Heart Interest. Pure Comedy and Brisk Americanism.

"THE AMERICAN GIRL,"

Introducing the Comedian, Mr. GEO. F. HALL.

By H. GRATTON DONNELLY.

Author of "Darkest Russia" With Two Rays of Brightness, the American Twins, "Pimbo Roy and The Little Lady."

Matinee Prices, 15, 25 and 50c.
mar 1 3t

1900		MARCH				1900
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	31

MOON'S PHASES.

New Moon 1 6:25 a. m. | Full Moon 16 3:12 a. m.
First Quarter 8 0:34 a. m. | Third Quarter 24 0:36 a. m.
New Moon 30 2:30 a. m.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 2, 1900.

JUST CROSSING THE THRESHOLD

Although the South has made remarkable progress in the establishment of cotton mills, we are scarcely yet across the threshold of the cotton manufacturing industry, and but few of us have any conception of what this industry will mean for the South when fully developed. In a money point of view it means that every bale of cotton manufactured brings three times as much money into the South as the raw bale does. Every additional bale manufactured brings in that much additional money, money which benefits not only the men who manufacture the cotton but many others. The mill is not only a hive of industry itself, but it is a stimulator of industry in others and the creator of other industries. One mill invites the presence of another if the conditions are favorable, and these of a third and so on until we have cotton manufacturing centers which become revolutionizers of methods for miles around.

The farmers who come within their influence get out of the ruts and become more or less imbued with the spirit that hums in the mills. They drop the one-crop delusion, put themselves to thinking about and to producing the things that the workers in the mills need. They become suppliers of the needs of the mill people, and thus to some extent become identified with them and interested in the industry. They become growers of fruits, vegetables, raisers of pigs, poultry, &c., thus varying and breaking the monotony of their labor. In their efforts to cater to the tastes of others, they live better themselves, while they add considerably to their incomes; not only to their incomes, but also to the value of their farms, increasing it sometimes from two to tenfold. This is what the cotton factors do when they cluster.

But they do more than this. They draw other industries to them as the magnet draws the needle and these in time draw others directly or indirectly connected with them. As an illustration: Of all the mill machinery used in the 542 mills in the South there isn't a single piece of it made in the South; not a loom, not a spindle, not a shuttle, not a shaft, not a pulley, not a belt. We saw out the blocks out of which the shuttles are made, ship them North and buy the shuttles. That is as near as we come to making any of the machinery in our mills. We are not saying this to find fault but simply to state a fact by way of illustration, for we know that even if we had an abundance of capital we could not very well become mill builders and mill machine builders at the same time. The mill goes before the machine. There were mills in New England before there were machine builders and so the mills take the lead in the South, to be followed in time by the machine builders.

It will not be many years before the number of mills in the South will be doubled and the amount of machinery more than doubled, for the tendency is to larger mills. It isn't to be supposed that a people as quick to catch on as ours will long content themselves with paying millions of money annually for machinery made elsewhere which could be made just as well in the South and cost less money after the making had gotten well under way.

The profits accruing from the manufacture of goods will seek investment in mills to make more goods or in some other inviting industry, and what would be more natural than that some of our progressive mill men seeing this open and unoccupied field should turn their thoughts in the direction of manufacturing the necessary machinary and equipment for the mills and seek the co-operation of men skilled in this business? We have the iron, the timber and everything necessary to this, everything but the skilled labor and that could be obtained with money just as the imported machinery now is.

We don't know what it costs to equip an average mill but it has cost many millions of dollars to equip the mills of the South and it will cost many millions more to equip those that will be constructed within the next few years. This will be added to every year by the new mills built and by the new machinery purchased to replace the old or worn, or by new machinery to take the place of that which is not up-to-date.

Here is an industry with big possibilities in it, which is directly connected with the cotton mills and belonging to them as much so as a harness does to horse. It follows the cotton factory just as naturally as the loom does the spindle.

The industry that would supply the Southern mills with the machinery and other equipments needed, would give investment to large capital and employment to a large number of workers, nearly all of them skilled workmen commanding fair wages, and thus the money that comes to the South for the goods our mills sell instead of giving out to buy machinery, &c., and build up other places in other sections, would remain at home, be spent at home for the home made machinery and thus help to build up our own towns and to enrich our own section. These establisments would all have openings for and give employment to our young men who might desire to learn that business and in this would prove an additional benefit.

We cite this illustration to show that there is more in the cotton factory than simply the spinning and weaving of cotton, and the dollars this brings to the people who have stock in them.

UNDER WHIP AND SPUR.

Under whip and spur, even drawing upon the sick bed and the hospital for the necessary votes, the Republicans carried their Porto Rican tariff bill through the House of Representatives Wednesday, a bill which if properly entitled should be called a bill to treat Porto Rico as American territory for purposes of spoliation and taxation and for other purposes as foreign territory. The majority was not large, only eleven, and this would have been reduced five or six if all the Democrats who were opposed to it had been at their post.

There were more Republicans opposed to it than the vote shows, but these were whipped in to save the bill and the Republican party from defeat. With them victory for the party amounted to a good deal more than sticking to their convictions and opposing to the end a measure that they as representatives condemned. As representatives they opposed it; as partisans they voted for it under the whip and spur of the leaders.

But these leaders had previously whipped in Mr. McKinley, who in his message told them it was their "plain duty" to abolish tariff restrictions between this country and Porto Rico. He urged that after mature deliberation and full investigation, supported by official reports as to the condition of the people of the island and the terrible straits to which they had been reduced by our tariff laws. But inspite of all that, instead of doing their "plain duty" the leaders, in the interest of a few people who represented that they would be injuriously affected by just treatment of Porto Rico, applied the lash to Mr. McKinley and made him support the very opposite of what he had so strongly recommended in his message. As whip wielders these fellows understand their business.

TAKE THE CLUB FROM HIM.

Dr. W. P. Craven, of Mecklenburg county, who has been a Populist ever since the Populist party was organized, is another who does not propose to let Marion Butler slip a ring into his nose and lead or drive him into Pritchard's corrall. He tells the Charlotte *News* that while a Populist from principle, he will vote for the constitutional amendment as a non-partisan measure because he believes it will be a good thing for all parties, the negro included. Among the reasons given for favoring it, he says:

"Ever since the war the negro has been an incompetent voter. He has been in the possession of a club which he has used to his own detriment and to the detriment of all three political parties. In taking this club from the negro we not only help all three parties, but do the negro a kind act, for, being incompetent, he does not know whether he is voting right or wrong."

The negro with a "razzer" is a bad man and so is the negro with the club, which may be, as it has been, made the instrument of wrongs without number, and degradation and oppression beyond endurance. It is justice to the white man and kindness to the club-wielding negro to take that club from him.

Fifty tons of candy has been shipped to the soldiers in the Philippines. The doctors say it is good for them as it aids digestion. This does not include the large quantity of "taffy" they have received.

A Thousand Tongues.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard St., Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure—"It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praise throughout the Universe. So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottle 10c. at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store; every bottle guaranteed.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

AS OTHERS SEE IT

No where has the industrial progress of the South been watched with more interest than in the North, and especially in the manufacturing States with which Southern manufacturers might be supposed to come more or less in competition. But some of the best, most friendly and encouraging recognition of this progress, and of the South's success, comes from leading papers of those States.

The Philadelphia *Times*, a paper which has always shown a lively interest in the South's industrial progress, contained an editorial on this subject a few days ago from which we clip the following:

"In the realm of manufactures especially the change has been a marvellous one. Not only have the deposits of coal and iron been developed by the erection of furnaces and rolling mills, but the sensible policy of erecting cotton mills in close proximity to the cotton fields has been widely adopted. The extensive timber supply of the South is being utilized, its phosphate resources developed, its agriculture widely varied, and in many new ways the material resources of the sections are being drawn upon.

Naturally this broadening of the Southern industrial field has opened new avenues for the successful advancement of the ambitious young men of the South. At a recent banquet to the employes of the Piedmont Mills, at Piedmont, South Carolina, the president of the manufacturing corporation read a list of twenty-eight graduates of the Piedmont Mills who are now superintendents of other cotton mills in the South. This is but a single instance showing the new order of things. Instead of overcrowding the profession of politics and the law the young men of the South are filling positions at the head of mining, manufacturing, railway and other industrial enterprises, greatly to their own and the country's advantage.

"This movement into other fields of achievement than politics and cotton planting in the South is still in its infancy. Many of the men who manage the industrial enterprises have been imported from the North. These positions are, or soon will be, open to ambitious young men of the South who have graduated from the lower industrial work up to better positions because of their industry and executive ability This march of the Southern youth into industrial careers will be greatly stimulated by the establishment of schools of technology, but the Southern trend towards a varied industrial development is so marked that it is fast becoming the fashion for the ambitious sons of the South to enter upon industrial careers that were entirely closed to the young men of their class of a generation ago."

MR. BELLAMY'S SPEECH.

Strong Presentation of Objections to Porto Rican Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, February 28.—Mr. Bellamy, in his speech against the Porto Rican bill, among other things, said:

"Mr. Chairman: The present bill providing a rate and system of taxation for Porto Rico different from that imposed upon the people of the rest of the United States presents a question so far reaching in its consequences as to make this occasion a real crisis in our history; and upon correct solution of the problem will depend whether we shall continue our government upon the plan and scope designed by our fathers, or whether we shall embark upon the colonial system—a new and untried experiment—totally in conflict with the spirit of our constitution and which may seriously imperil the safety of the republic.

"This government can no more exist permanently half republic and half empire than it could exist half slave and half free. That the fathers sought to establish on this continent a government different from the monarchies of Europe is a trite but a true saying and the basis of the constitution which they adopted and on which it rests are the fundamental principles of eternal justice, which were inherent in the hearts and minds of those sturdy settlers who had fled here to escape the oppression and exactions of the governments of the old world. Even though there was not a clause or word in the constitution requiring uniformity in the levy of duties, to assess upon the inhabitants of one section of our American territory a tax different in amount and burden from that levied upon another is so discriminative and unfair and repugnant to national justice that it conflicts with the fundamental principles of society and government, which of themselves prescribe a limit to legislative power.

"While I hope never to see the representatives of Asiatic people in the Congress, or their millions of subjects be allowed to compete with American labor, yet we must meet the questions as they arise under constitutional powers conferred and deal with them in accordance with and subject to, and not outside of the limits prescribed in the constitution, under which alone we derive the power to deal with any territory at all. We went as far as we were justified in going when we said to Europe that America was for Americans; but if we are now to govern the islands bordering on America, or on Asia, by force, as a colony subject to such unequal taxation as we deem desirable, and govern them as subjects purchased from their former masters, what further rights have we to command that European monarchies shall not found imperialistic governments on American soil?

"If the constitution secures to every man under the flag the rights of freemen, the right to travel and live in any part of our common country, wherever our flag floats as the emblem of freedom and liberty, where is the power granted to restrain that right if we claim them as American countries, subject to our laws? May constitutional liberty be maintained in this entire nation, including every territory embraced within its extended borders, in full force and vigor forever." (Loud applause.)

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three Physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying "Electric Bitters;" and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim," No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store,

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Mrs. Malecehy Campbell, wife of A. C. Campbell formerly of Alfrodsville but now residing in Red Springs, died suddenly of heart disease on the 7th inst.

— Greenville *Reflector*: This morning at her home at Keelsville, Mrs. A. M. Keel dropped dead. Supposed to be the result of her disease. She was apparently well and in good health about breakfast time.

— Concord *Standard*: Will Harris, the bicycle and postoffice thief who has been on the chain gang in Charlotte, has escaped. This is the second time he has escaped, having at one time dug through the wall of the jail. He was double shackled but in some way escaped between the hours of 9 and 4 o'clock Monday night.

— Charlotte *News*: The three-year old child of Mattie Allison, who cooks for Mrs. B. D. Springs, in Dilworth, was burned to death Monday night in a house at the extreme end of South Tryon street. The child was left in charge of another woman while the mother was at work. It was playing it the fire when the clothing caught.

— Wilson *News*: A negro woman, who lived on Gray Bryan's farm, last week was over at the Blocker farm picking cotton. Standing about the fire her clothing caught. Frightened, she ran, which only made the flames more greedy. Finally she fell or jumped in a ditch, but it was too late. She was already so badly burned that she died next day.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: We learn that the case against Mr. D. J. Cashwell, of Hope Mills, in which he was recently bound over to the Superior Court for false pretense, in giving an alleged worthless check to Mr. Yarboro, has been compromised and the prosecution will be withdrawn. — A forest fire, covering an area of a mile in length and half a mile wide, has been raging this (Wednesday) afternoon, starting near the silk mill and raging along Branson's creek up to and beyond the Shepherd house. But for the wide road back of the residence of Judge Buxton and the Lilly house and the large cleared area around the Tolar and Shepherd houses, together with hard fighting by fifty or sixty men, all these fine old mansions would have been destroyed. As it was, five out houses on the Shepherd place were burned, and the fences of all partly destroyed. The Tolar house caught once, but the flames were extinguished. At 4 o'clock the fire was well in hand. It is said that this fire started by some boys setting fire to the grass in the rear of the silk mill.

CURRENT COMMENT.

——There is one fact that cannot be too often impressed upon the farmers of the South. The present rise is the price of cotton is due solely to the shortness of the last crop. There is but one way to maintain that price and that is to keep down the size of this year's crop. Will the farmers have sense enough to do that?—*Columbia Record, Dem.*

—— The difference between expansion and imperalism is as great as that between a republic and a monarchy. Expansion is the addition of territory with the consent of the inhabitants, imperalism is the addition of territory by the use of force or by threats of force. Few anti-imperialists object to expansion as a principle.—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem,*

The champions of the Frye-Hanna bill still prate of the "enormous" postal and admiralty subsidies of Great Britain, Germany and France to steamship companies. The truth is that the $9,000,000 annual subsidy in this bill greatly exceeds the total steamship subsidies of all the Governments of Europe for carrying the ocean mails. In these European subsidies there is a large compensation to the Governments which pay them in postal revenues; in the Frye Hanna subsidy there is none. —*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— "Mamma," said little Essie, "if thoughtless people eat up the toadstools, what will the toads do when they want to sit down?"

— "Dickey, people should live to help one another." "Yes, ma; but I'd get more pie if you'd let me help myself."—*Chicago Record.*

— "Father," said the juvenile knowledge seeker, "what is 'a state of insurrection?'" And without hesitation came the answer: "Kentucky, my son."—*Washington Star.*

— Cholly—"Your papa kicked me out when I asked him for your hand." Miss Gabby—"Papa is so intense. He puts his whole sole into everything he undertakes."—*Baltimore American.*

—Miles—"I wonder how a composer feels when he encounters a man with a hand-organ grinding his tunes?" Giles—"Probably like any other man who has to meet his own notes."—*Chicago News.*

— "Yes," said the sentimental Filipino, "there's nothing more pleasant than a sylvan retreat." "I'm glad you like the idea," answered the General. "We take to the woods tomorrow again."—*Washington Star.*

— Hoax—"Your friend the actor seems to have passion for cravats." Joax—"Why?" Hoax—"Didn't you hear him say there was nothing that pleased him better than new ties?" Joax—"Oh! He meant to walk on."

— Father—"You seem to look at things in a different light since your marriage." His Newly Married Daughter—"Well, I ought to after receiving fourteen lamps and nine can delabra for wedding presents."—*Harlem Life.*

—Grinder—"What! asleep at your desk, sir; and work so pressing!" Meekly—"Excuse me, sir; baby kept me awake all night." Grinder—"Then you should have brought it with you to the office."—Brooklyn Life.

— "Here! here! What are you little girls making so much noise about?" exclaimed the little girls' papa, looking up from his paper. "We're just playing we're mamma's whist party," chorused the little girls.—*Philadelphia Record.*

— Suspicious Housekeepers—"Your coffee is certainly cheap, but how am I to know that it's not half beans?" Grocer—"Essily, madam; no one could afford to sell beans at the price I'm asking for this coffee."—*Philadelphia Record.*

— "Oh, my friends, there are some spectacles that one never forgets!" said a lecturer, after giving a graphic discription of a terrible accident he had witnessed, "I'd like to know where they sells 'em," remarked an absent minded old lady in the audience.—*Collier's Weekly.*

The baby's coming is often looked forward to as a time of dread and danger. Many women are physically unfit to become mothers. They are sick and weak

in a womanly way and may well look with fear toward the time of maternity. Intelligent preparation for this time is most essential. An athlete "trains" for months before his trial. Most women do not "train" at all and yet their trial is to be fifty times as severe as the athlete's.

During the period of gestation every woman should use every means to strengthen the organs that are to be tried. They should be kept in perfect health. The faintest symptom of disorder or disease should be promptly eliminated.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is designed to do this very thing—has been doing it for over thirty years. It is the one sure medicine for all female complaints. It is the only medicine that may be absolutely depended upon to practically abolish the pain and danger of childbirth. It is the only preparation of its kind that is the invention of a regularly graduated physician—a skilled and experienced specialist in the cure of diseases of women.

Mrs. Emerson Allen, of Dorset, Ontario Co. Ont., writes: "I was in very poor health for a long time, dating from the birth of my little girl. I tried different doctors and different medicines. I took four bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and seem to be perfectly well again."

Preying on the Imagination.

"Briggs never falls to get a seat to himself every Saturday night in the street car."

"How does he manage it?"

"Carries a chunk of ordinary cheese labeled 'Limberger' ostentatiously in his hand."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Action and Reaction.

"Daughters are a great anxiety."

"How so, Mrs. Nooch?"

"If you don't dress them handsomely, they are not attractive, and if you do dress them handsomely men are afraid to marry them."—Chicago Record.

Rough Riders.

"Who are these Chicago rough riders who have just formed an organization?"

"I don't know for sure, but I think they are bicyclists who live on badly paved streets."—Chicago Post.

CLEAN PURE HAIR comes from the use of the famous **Seven Sutherland Sisters'** Scalp Cleaner, and with perfect cleanliness comes beauty.

Mrs. N. J. Bell, Box 60, University Place, Omaha, Neb., writes: "Every head should be shampooed frequently with this wholesome remedy."

After each shampoo, when the hair is thoroughly dry, the scalp should be treated with Seven Sutherland Sisters' Hair Grower. *Sold by all druggists.*

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

It is expected that an automobile fete will be held at Pau, France, next February.

Buckingham palace has a scent fountain which on state occasions is fed with eau de cologne.

The population of the South African Republic consists of 63,000 Boers, 87,000 other whites called uitlanders and 600,000 Kaffirs and Zulus.

Windsor castle, one of Queen Victoria's residences, is to be equipped with 50 sets of electric bells and fire alarm boxes of American manufacture.

One proprietor of half a dozen bootblacking stands in New York, who was not many years ago an active worker at the business, owns a racing stable of 16 horses.

Oklahoma territory takes great pride in the fact that it has not one poorhouse within its borders, and, moreover, has need of none. The people say there is not a pauper among them.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—88 bales cotton, 9 barrels tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—156 bales cotton, 66 barrels rosin, 139 barrels tar.

A. & Y. Railroad—4 bales cotton, 11 barrels tar.

Steamer W. T. Daggett—3 casks spirits turpentine, 45 barrels rosin, 54 barrels tar, 3 barrels crude turpentine.

Schooner Joseph—332 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 198 bales; spirits turpentine, 3 casks; rosin, 348 barrels; tar, 183 barrels; crude turpentine, 3 barrels.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute	6½	@	7
Standard	7	@	7½
Burlaps	6¾	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	12½	@	15
Sides ₩ lb		@	8
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	8
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	6½	@	6¾
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	6
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 40
New New York, each	1 40	@	1 50
New City, each	1 40	@	1 50
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ₩ M	6 75	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ₩ lb	18	@	20
Northern	28	@	32½
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	49	@	50
Virginia Meal	49	@	50
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	1 25	@	1 35
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	12	@	13
Dairy Cream	12½	@	14
State	11½	@	13
COFFEE—₩ lb—			
Laguyra	13	@	16
Rio	9½	@	11
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ₩ bunch of 5 lbs		@	70
EGGS—₩ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 75	@	4 00
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	3 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—₩ bbl—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straights	3 85	@	4 00
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
GLUE—₩ lb	10¼	@	11½
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	53½
Car-load, in bgs—White	51½	@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	90
HIDES—₩ lb—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	10
HAY—₩ 100 lbs			
Clover Hay	75	@	80
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	1 00
Western	90	@	1 00
North River	90	@	95
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	3½	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	7	@	8½
North Carolina	8	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed)			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	30 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	8 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ₩ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogsheads		@	35
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	38
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	28	@	32½
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 95	@	3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	11 75	@	12 00
Rump	11 50	@	12 00
Prime	11 00	@	11 50
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	32
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum		@	1 25
Liverpool	90	@	95
American	85	@	90
On 125 ₩ Sacks		@	60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 00
Common	1 90	@	2 25
Cypress Sawed	2 50	@	2 75
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd		@	5¼
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	4¾
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	9 00	@	10 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
₩ M 6x18 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	8 00	@	8 50
" Sap	2 00	@	2 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ₩ lb		@	6
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	00
WOOL, per lb—Unwashed	14	@	18
Mill, Prime	7 50	@	8 75
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 00
Common Mill	5 00	@	6 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 50	@	5 00

A Welcome Change.

Mrs. Henpeck—I don't see how you could marry again if I should die, for before we were married you used to say there was not another woman in the world like me.

Henpeck—That is just what might induce me to take another wife.—Life.

Registered by U. S. Patent Office

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Samuel O. L. Potter, A.M., M.D., M.R.C.P., *London, Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, San Francisco,* a recognized authority wherever medical science is known, in his handbook of Pharmacy, Materia Medica and Therapeutics, under head of ALBUMINURIA, page 600, 7th edition, in the citation of remedies, says: "BUFFALO LITHIA WATER of Virginia is highly recommended."

Under head of CHRONIC BRIGHT'S DISEASE, page 601, same edition, in the citation of remedies, he says: "Mineral Waters,

ESPECIALLY THE BUFFALO LITHIA WATER of Virginia, which has many advocates."

Dr. Alfred L. Loomis, *Professor of Pathology and Practical Medicine in the Medical Department of the University of New York:*

"I have used BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in the treatment of Chronic Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, occurring in Gouty and Rheumatic subjects with marked benefit."

"A Veritable Antidote."

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"Bright's Disease in every stage and form is benefited by BUFFALO LITHIA WATER. In many cases large amounts of albumen, epithelium, hyaline and granular casts entirely disappear from the urine under its action, while in those whose kidneys are too far gone to hope for permanent benefit, all those distressing symptoms are ameliorated in an astonishing degree. In Albuminuria of Pregnancy I know of no remedy at all comparable to this water."

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Springs are open for guests from June 15th to Oct. 1st.

They are reached from all directions over the Danville Division of the Southern Railway

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, March 1.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1.40 per barrel bid for strained and $1.45 bid for good strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet at $2.00 per barrel for hard, $3.25 for dip, and —— for virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 44@43½c; rosin firm at 90@95c; tar firm at $1.00; crude turpentine firm at $1.35 @2.40.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	3
Rosin	348
Tar	183
Crude turpentine	3

Receipts same day last year.—14 casks spirits turpentine, 207 bbls rosin, 116 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 9c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6 9-16	cts	₩ lb
Good ordinary	7 15 16	"	"
Low middling	8 9-16	"	"
Middling	9	"	"
Good middling	9½	"	"

Same day last year middling firm at 5c.

Receipts—198 bales; same day last year, 95.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 70c. Extra prime, 75c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 77½@80c. Virginia—Prime, 50c; extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c.

CORN—Firm, 53 to 53½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 85 cents; upland, 50@60 cents. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $8.50 to 9.00 per M.

Cotton and Naval Stores.

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For month of February, 1900.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
19,857	1,058	19,529	10,344	668

RECEIPTS.

For month of February, 1899.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
3,730	415	5,730	6,543	413

EXPORTS.

For month of February, 1900.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
Domestic	3,208	1,208	763	4,458	713
Foreign	17,277	000	2,500	2,196	000
	20,485	1,208	3,263	6,764	713

EXPORTS.

For month of February, 1899.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	1,926	1,100	161	5,419	618
Foreign	6,021	000	5,523	1	000
	7,947	1,110	5,684	5,413	618

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat March 1, 1900.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	14,663	8	14,671
Spirits	34	00	34
Rosin	77,761	00	77,761
Tar	11,411	00	11,411
Crude	940	00	940

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat March 1, 1899.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude
10,422	91	62,362	14,667	3.6

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Money on call was steady; actual transactions ranging from 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2½, ruling rate 2½, and closed offered at 2@2½. Prime mercantile paper 4@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at 486¼ for demand and 482¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484@484½ and 487½@488. Commercial bills 482 @483½. Silver certificates 59¾@60¼. Bar silver 59¾. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds firm. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds strong. U. S. 2's, reg'd, 103; U. S. 3's, reg'd, 111¾; do. coupon, 111¾; U. S. new 4's, reg'd, 137½; do. coupon, 137¾; U. S. old 4's, reg'd, 116½; do. coupon, 117½; U. S. 5's, reg'd 115¾; do. coupon, 115¾; N. C. 6's 127; do. 4's, 105; Southern R'y 5's 108¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 62; Chesapeake & Ohio 29½; Manhattan L 93⅝; New York Central 133; Reading 18½; do. 1st prefer'd 59; St. Paul 122½; do. preferred 171; Southern Railway 13¾; do. preferred 58⅝; American Tobacco, 107; do. preferred 135¼; People's Gas 79¾; Sugar 104¼; do preferred 108; T. C. & Iron 93¼; U. S. Leather 11¾; do. preferred 71; Western Union 82½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Rosin was quiet. Spirits turpentine dull at 55½c.

CHARLESTON, March 1.—Spirits turpentine firm at 53c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels. Prices unchanged.

SAVANNAH, March 1.—Spirits turpentine firm at 53¾c; sales 490 casks; receipts 119 casks; exports 2,000 casks. Rosin firm; sales 4,671 barrels; receipts 2,318 barrels; exports 1,660 barrels. Quote: A B, C, D, $1 50; E, $1 55; F, $1 60; G, $1 65; H, $1 85; I, $2 05; K, $2 25; M, $2 50; N, $3 00; W G, $3 50; W W, $3 65.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 1.—While the cotton market opened under great excitement at an advance of two to twenty points and further advanced one and ten points during the forenoon, the volume of business was materially less than it

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The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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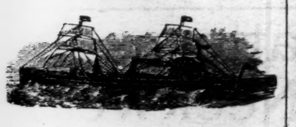

From New York for Wilmington.

SAGINAW ..... Saturday, Feb 24
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, March 3

From Wilmington for New York.

RICHMOND ..... Saturday, Feb. 24
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, Feb. 27
SAGINAW ..... Saturday, March 3

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

SAGINAW ..... Tuesday, Feb. 27
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, March 6

Steamship Oneida does not carry passengers.

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VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 5, 1899.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington daily at 5:05 P. M., Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:40 P. M., Maxton 6:09 P. M., Laurinburg 6:34 P. M., arriving at Hamlet 6:58 P. M., where connection is made with trains for Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South, Southeast and Southwest. Also with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Norfolk, Old Point Comfort, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Through sleeping cars from Hamlet to Washington and Atlanta; also through sleeping car to Portsmouth.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 2:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:35 P. M., and Atlanta 7:30 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 8:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 8:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:18 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 28—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:06 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 10:35 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 A. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:53 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 7:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 9:30 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Rutherfordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:40 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:58 P. M. Lincolnton 6:36 P. M., Charlotte 8:30 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 409—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:10 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:35 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 5:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

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Vegetable Baskets for shipping.

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CRAZY JOURNALISM.

NEWSPAPERS PUBLISHED BY LUNATICS FOR LUNATICS.

The Publications That Are Issued In Madhouses and Asylums Are Almost Entirely Free From Gloom and Melancholia.

Dotted here and there over the earth are little colonies whose inhabitants are cut off from all intercourse with the everyday world by their own idiosyncrasies. Each individual lives in a world of his or her own creation, which, in the majority of cases, only two outside interests ever succeed in reaching—namely, the asylum doctor and the asylum magazine.

In some cases the proof sheets are just glanced at by the head doctor before the magazine goes to press, but they are written, printed and published by the inmates themselves.

Although America produced the first two lunatic journals, to Scotland belongs the credit of having started the first paper of this kind which has survived its infancy. In fact, the birth of lunatic journalism took place when the first number of The New Moon was issued from the Crichton Royal asylum, Dumfries, on Dec. 3, 1844. Since that date the following have been successfully launched: The Morningside Mirror, from the Royal Edinburgh asylum; The Excelsior, from James Murray's Royal asylum, Perth; The Fort England Mirror, Grahamstown, South Africa; The Murthly Magazine, from the Perth County asylum; Under the Dome, the organ of Bethlehem Royal hospital, London, and The Conglomerate, which belongs to the Middletown asylum, New York.

These magazines touch the journalistic ideal, as, being written by the readers for their amusement, they cannot fail to hit the popular taste. We find that those mentally deranged like about four-ninths of their reading to take the form of travel and heavy prose articles of a strictly theoretical nature. The rest of the contents comes in order of quantity as follows: Humor, local notes, poetry, chiefly in a light vein; special articles on local theatricals and fiction.

The most striking feature about these journals is the almost total absence of gloom and melancholia, and we have it on the word of the doctor of one of the leading asylums that this is not owing to such contributions being tabooed. But now and again one comes on a poem or tale drenched with melancholia and morbid insanity. In one of these journals appeared a story written in the first person about a hero—undoubtedly the writer—who had his head twisted round the wrong way. The consequence was he invariably had to walk in the opposite direction to which he wanted to walk. This terrible fate haunts him right through the story, causing him to lose friends, money and everything else which man holds dear and ends up by his, in his own mind, murdering the girl who was to save him from himself.

According to the story, the heroine was standing on the edge of a great precipice. The hero is standing near. Suddenly the heroine becomes giddy and totters on the brink. The hero tries to dash forward and save her, but of course runs the other way. Here comes a break in the narrative, which is finished by the following sentence: "And the gates of an asylum for those mentally deranged shut the writer off from his friends in the outer world."

Apart from such tragedies as the above, the whole of these journals are saturated with humor. In one we find the following among "Questions We Want Answered:"

"When does the queen of Sheba intend to recognize the royal rank of the 'Prince of Wales?' Did Marie Corelli' really tweak the doctor's nose? Why did 'Ranji' throw the ball at 'W. G.'s' head during practice at the nets?" Perhaps it should be explained that the celebrities referred to above are not those known to the public, but other persons who claim their personalities and are detained in the asylums for that very reason.

A writer in The Fort England Mirror gives the following reason for his detention: "I met a young widow with a grown stepdaughter, and the widow married me. Then my father, who was a widower, met my stepdaughter and married her. That made my wife the mother-in-law of her father-in-law and made my stepdaughter my mother and my father my stepson. Then my stepmother, the stepdaughter of my wife, had a son. That boy was, of course, my brother, because he was my father's son. He was also the son of my wife's stepdaughter and therefore her grandson. That made me grandfather to my stepbrother. Then my wife had a son. My mother-in-law, the stepsister of my son, is also his grandmother, because he is her stepson's child. My father is the brother-in-law of my child, because his stepsister is his wife. I am the brother of my own son, who is also the child of my step-grandmother. I am my mother's brother-in-law, my wife is her own child's aunt, my son is my father's nephew, and I'm my own grandfather. And after trying to explain the relationship in our family some seven times a day to our calling friends for a fortnight, I was brought here—no, came of my own will."

Another declares that he never found rest from his mother-in-law before, and he intends to hoodwink the doctors as long as possible. And yet another points out that it has always been the fate of really great men to be ignored or ill treated by their contemporaries, and that is why he is now detained. "For the thick skulls and those of little sense are jealous of my being the first to discover that we could all live forever if we would only walk on our heads instead of our feet." — London Mail.

Light Housekeeping.

A woman who lives in one room and "does light housekeeping" has hit upon a plan for cooking without leaving odors in her tiny domain. A strong pine packing box has been firmly screwed to the outside of the window. The top is slanting and is covered with tar paper. The sides are perforated by holes an inch in diameter, to carry off odors and steam. On the lower shelf of this extension is the gas stove, attached to the main pipe through a hole bored in the window sash. This allows the window to be closed during the cooking. On the upper shelf are the cooking utensils.

Memory.

If it should be asked what possession I most valued, I would say some beautiful memory. Memory is possession. It is the only thing on earth that is absolutely ours, which no one can take from us. We can produce and enjoy it in a crowd of uncongenial people as easily as if we were alone. No noise can drown its voice; no distance can dim its clearness. Strength, hope, beauty, everything else, may pass. Memory will stay.

The Future Unfolded.

She—Suppose I didn't dress as well as I do now, would you love me as much?

He—Certainly, dear. Why, that is as much as to say that I won't care for you after we are married.—Detroit Free Press.

STATEMENT OF

Atlantic National Bank.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the Close of Business Feb. 13th, 1900, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 912 881.80
Overdrafts		16 99
U. S. Bonds (at par 3's & 4's)		196,100.00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000.00
Due from app'd res've ag'ts	$ 84 468 66	
Due from other banks	197 338.71	
Cash on hand	102 54 .93	386,374 30
Total		$1,504 892.48

LIABILITIES.

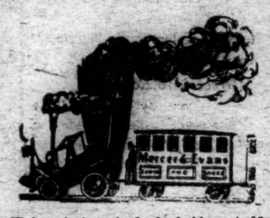
Capital		$ 120,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits		100 333.51
Circulation		41,040.00
Deposits U. S Treas	$150,571.00	
Deposits from Banks	286 167 95	
Deposits from individuals	786 653.72	
Certificates of Deposit	35,000 00	1,228,196 67
Total		$1,504 829 48

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Feb. 13 '98.	Feb. 13, '99.	Feb. 13, 1900
Total deposits	$654,000	$1,141,000	$1,328,000
Surplus and net profit	75 400	80 000	100 500
U. S. bonds at par	55,000	93 600	196,100

Dividends Paid—8 Per Cent. Per Annum.

☞ Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October 1892. feb 21 tf



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FAMOUS DUTTENHOFER SHOES.

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Call for them.

MERCER & EVANS.
115 Princess street.

63½ steps east from corner Front; 63½ west from corner of Second. fe 18 tf

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Both are better for the use of, and may be kept free from illness, by

Sloan's Liniment!

This *Liniment* is the best antiseptic known. It positively kills disease germs. It cures *Rheumatism, Cramps and Colic.* Used generally in the stable with good results, where other liniments fail. In the family its preference to any known liniment on the market, externally or internally. Every bottle is warranted.

Family size, 25 cents.
Horse size, 50 cents and $1.00.

MY BUGGIES AND HARNESS...

THE BEST EVER SHOWN IN THE CITY.

Every one bought before the advance. Try the market.....

COME TO ME, AND I GUARANTEE TO SELL YOU CHEAPER THAN ANY ONE IN THE CITY.

H. L. FENNELL,
THE HORSE MILLINER,
MASONIC TEMPLE.
feb 25 tf

WILLIAMS BROTHERS,

16 and 18 North Water St.

FLOUR IN BARRELS AND BAGS.

Virginia Water Ground Meal.
Lard, Soap, Lye.
Salt—coarse and fine.
Fresh Crackers and Cakes.
Baking Powders.
Sardines, Molasses, Cheese.
A full line of Tobacco and Choice Cigars and Cigarettes.
Wrapping Paper and Twine.
PAPER BAGS, NAILS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.
feb 16 tf

Fine Seed Potatoes.

40 bags and bbls Houlton Early Rose.
50 bags and bbls Maine Early Rose.
50 bags Early Ohios.
50 bags Early Rose.
Also, a few White Bliss and Pearless Potatoes.

All the above nice selected Seed Potatoes.

Full Line Groceries

D. L. GORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
mar 1 tf Wilmington, N. C.

DUCRO'S
Alimentary
ELIXIR

Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers

Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N C

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Standing Timber

For sale, the timber on a tract of land near Bannermann's Bridge, North-East river, on tide-water. Over One Million feet of fine Cypress timber on this land.

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 200 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming impements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village Pender county 95 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grapevines. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; six teen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 50 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 30 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for truckng.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and peach trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.
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SEED POTATOES

of several varieties and of

BEST QUALITY.

Fertilizers of all kinds.

Coffee bought at low prices.

Heavy Groceries of best quality.

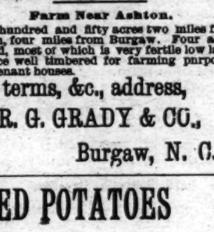
Distillers' Supplies, Glue, Rivets, Hoop Iron, Nails, &c.

All our Goods are of Best Quality and Low Prices.

The Worth Company,
feb 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Not in the "Trust."

PHOSPHATIC LIME!



Manufactured from the Bones and Petrified Feces of Antediluvian Animals taken from the recently discovered Coprolite Deposites on the northeast Cape Fear river, North Carolina.

A CHEAP AND LASTING MANURE FOUND AT LAST.

Contains all the Elements of Plant Food. Sustains the Crop Throughout the Season

The Best Fertilizer for the Money Yet Discovered.

FRENCH BROS.,
Rocky Point, N. C.

Send for Circulars. feb 6 3m

A SKILLED TRIO.

Call at No. 7 South Front street, where you will find E. W. Guion, Cornelius Davis and Henry Harris, three of the most accomplished Barbers in the city. Send your children to us to have their hair cut. Shave only 10 cents. Boys' haircut 20 cents.

oct 17 tf GUION & DAVIS

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect Jan. 14, 1900.

DEPARTURES FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.16 A. M., Warsaw 11 30 A. M., Goldsboro 12.01 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.51 P. M. Weldon 4.30 P. M., Petersburg 4.58 P. M., Richmond 7.35 P. M., Norfolk 6.55 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.03 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 1.00 P. M.

DAILY 6.50 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 9.39 P. M., Warsaw 8.36 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.50 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.11 P. M. Weldon 1.04 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M., Petersburg 9.37 A. M., Richmond 3.32 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 5.30 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M. Denmark 5.19 A. M., Augusta 7.25 A. M Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. — No. 35—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York †9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9 48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.51 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.59 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.02 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M., Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 6.48 P. M., Petersburg 7.21 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 8.58 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 —P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 7.15 P. M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.35 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.20 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.35 A. M., Marion 10.30 A M., Chadbourn 11.35 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 6.40 A. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M., leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.55 A. M. Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M. Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.32 P. M. Maxton 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P.M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train between Rocky Mount and Richmond leave Rocky Mount 7.00 A. M., arrive Weldon 8 06 A. M., arrive Petersburg 10 A. M., arrive Richmond 11.00 A. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M. Halifax 4.15 P M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P M. Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M. Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 4.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11 00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 3.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 8.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 A M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.10 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 10 00 A. M. 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 11.10 A. M. 4.43 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M. 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Nashville 12.15 A. M.; 5.30 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 5.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 5.09 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.55 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Boardman at 8.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.25 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M. Chadbourn 11.50 A. M.; arrive Boardman 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.15 P. M., Manning 8.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 9.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 3.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 3.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.15 P. M. Cheraw 11.30 A. M. Wadesboro 12.36 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.35 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.0 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.06 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 5.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 4.10 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 5.40 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 10.45 P. M. arrive Selma 2.48 P. M. 11.10 P. M., Smithfield 3.06 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.25 P. M., 12.17 A. M., Rowland 6.06 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.55 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 9.55 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.34 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.26 A. M., Creston 8.19 A. M., arrive Denmark 8.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 7.15 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 4.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
ja 16 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad
Time Table No. 9.

To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Pass'g'r Trains Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston.....	10 12	.....
5 40	5 50	Newbern.....	8 37	9 00
7 03	7 07	Morehead City.	7 23	7 27
P.M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M. and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 8.05 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.35 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

BIC G CURES

Is 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request

---

MORE ROOM. | MORE GOODS.

MORE CUSTOMERS WANTED.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.,

No. 9 North Front Street,

We have increased our floor space to such an extent that we are now able to give our old cust mers better accommodations, and to make it interesting for those who wish to transact their patronage in an UP TO DATE ESTABLISHMENT.

We are opening this week for your inspection our New Stock of LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS and many other SPRING SPECIALTIES.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.,
Sole agents for Standard Patterns and W. B. Corsets.
feb 18 tf

Just compare them.

THE LINE OF GENT'S

$3.00

Goods, both in Patent Leather, Tan, Vici and Black Calf, sold by us, with any similar line,

and you will find the comparison in our favor.

Come in and compare for yourself.

GEO R. FRENCH & SONS.
feb 14 tf

Car-load of New Furniture in this week.

Furniture for the People.

Special Prices on everything.

If you can't pay all cash will sell you on weekly payments.

All kinds of Mattresses made and renovated

THE SNEED COMPANY,
feb 13 tf Second and Market Streets.

A SUGGESTION

A little walk every morning would be good for your health. A little walk down to the BIG RACKET STORE either morning or evening, every once in a while, would be good for your health and your pocket-book, too.

We can show you some pretty new styles in Silks and Dress Goods.

We've just gotten in a nice line of China Silks, good and wide, in all the latest colors, for 50c per yard.

A nice White Silk, corded effect, something new, 50c per yard.

Our stock of Serges, Henriettas, Cashmeres, Flannels, Tricots and Broadcloths is full and complete, and we are selling them very cheap

Don't forget that we give our Millinery Department particular attention all the while. In this line you surely save money when you buy of us.

We always keep ahead in Domestic articles.

We give you good values in Bleachings, Homespuns, Sheetings, Ginghams, Outings, &c.

A good yard wide Bleaching at 5c per yard.

Good heavy short end White Home spun at 2½c yard.

Sea Island Homespun, full yard wide, at 5c.

We will sell you a good Outing at 4½c.

We are selling a very heavy, fast colored Outing that is worth 10c for 6c yard.

Our stock of Shoes is something to be proud of When we can't suit a customer in Shoes, it's hard for him or her to be suited. We sell Children's, Ladies' and Men's Shoes very cheap.

We keep most anything in the Notion line you may be looking for. All the little things that are

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 2, 1900.

GREAT REJOICING OVER NEWS FROM LADYSMITH.

London Went Mad With Joy—Business Suspended in All the Towns and Cities Throughout England.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 1.—When the news of the relief of Ladysmith became generally known, London literally went mad with joy and throughout England the scenes witnessed have no parallel in the memories of this generation.

The Lord Mayor of London immediately telegraphed his congratulations to Generals White and Buller. When the Queen received the news at Windsor the bells on the curfew tower of the castle were rung in honor of the event

The strain that for 118 days had kept the nation in terrible anxiety was relieved. The Lord Mayor showed himself at a window out of which hung a huge City Imperial volunteer flag and the crowd yelled itself hoarse. Staid magnates grabbed flaring posters from newsboys and brandished "Ladysmith Relieved" to the roaring throng. All thought of business was forgotten. Nothing could be done on the Exchange except to sing "God Save the Queen," and cheer. Business on the Baltic wheat market for cargoes closed at 1 o'clock. No one wanted to trade on such a day as this.

A General Holiday.

The stores put up their shutters and gave their emp'oyes a holiday.

The Lord Mayor ordered a holiday for the city schools.

The great bell in St. Paul's was rung this evening. The stately Foreign Office so far forgot itself as to display large union jacks from the windows. A cabinet meeting was held and as the members met at the entrance to the Foreign Office they exchanged the warmest congratulations.

Crowds blocked the War Office lobbies, struggling to see for themselves the announcement, and cheered the British generals in South Africa to the echo.

Outside Marlborough House, the London residence of Wales, a large and jubilant crowd assembled.

At Glasgow, Liverpool, Edinburg, and in fact in all the cities, big and little, flags flew everywhere, whistles tooted, bells chimed and crowds paraded the streets, singing patriotic songs. Business was given up for the day, the schools were closed, in the harbors all the vessels dressed ship, and at the military and naval depots scenes of the wildest enthusiasm prevailed.

Lord Mayor's Address.

At Liverpool. addressing a crowd of twenty thousand people assembled around the Town Hall, the Lord Mayor said:

"I thank the Almighty God for the glorious news. We have awaited it patiently. We are satisfied that under the humane laws and government of this country the Boers, in a very short time, will be loyal citizens to the British empire."

The Queen has telegraphed her congratulations to General Buller and General White and the Prince of Wales has telegraphed congratulations to General Buller.

Lady White, in a message in reply to congratulations, says:

"All the world is in sympathy with me to-day and I am in sympathy with all the world. I am delighted at the joyful news of the relief and am happy at the intelligence that my husband is safe at last. As a wife I can say no more. What happy wife could say more?"

Cheering Thousands.

All day cheering thousands kept up the incessant roar before the Mansion house and all traffic in what is London's busiest concours- ceased. Pandemonium reigned. The news of the Mansion house demonstration had spread to all quarters of the city and there poured in a stream of hoodlums and fakirs, laden down with flags; women, boys, and all sorts and conditions of people. Silk hats flew into the air and small fights were of frequent occurrence. The hundreds of policemen on the spot had their hands full, but as long as the enthusiasm of the crowd was only confined to horse play, the officers did not interfere.

Tons of fireworks are being bought in preparation for elaborate celebrations to-night.

In several provincial towns effigies of President Kruger and General Cronje were paraded through the streets and maltreated. At Glasgow an effigy of President Kruger was subjected to indignities at the foot of the Queen's statue.

Over one thousand university and college students paraded the streets of London, singing "Rule, Britannia," and cheering.

FILIPINOS STILL FIGHTING.

Provision Train Ambushed—Escort Scattered and One Man Killed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, March 1.—A hundred insurgents, seven miles from Fernandino de La Union, ambushed ten men of the Third cavalry who were escorting a provision train. The Americans scattered, and while returning to camp one man was killed. The insurgents captured four horses and a quantity of provisions. A subsequent reconnoissance of the locality developed the fact that there were entrenchments there and a force of Filipinos, estimated to number eight hundred men. The Third cavalry is preparing to drive the insurgents out.

The recently purchased naval transport, Alava, sent to Ragay, in the gulf of Liberate, for Spanish prisoners, has returned here bringing five hundred persons, including priests, officers, soldiers and civilians and ten Americans.

The navy officials being informed that the prisoners were carelessly guarded, hurried the Alava to Ragay, manned by twenty blue jackets. Six officers from the Brooklyn and fifty marines accompanied the transport.

That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervious Headache. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SENATE PASSED HAWAIIAN BILL.

Agreed to Take the Vote on the Financial Measure Next Tuesday.

THE PHILIPPINES QUESTION.

Senator Clay's Speech in Opposition to Expansion—House Proceedings—Democrats Scored Their First Victory--Alabama Contest.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—After being under consideration for nearly ten days the bill providing a form of government for the territory of Hawaii was passed by the Senate to-day without division.

Another feature of to day's session was the speech by Senator Clay, Democrat, Georgia, on the Philippine question. As one of the Democratic Senators who voted to ratify the Paris treaty his position in support of the Bacon resolutions declaratory of this country's policy toward the Philippines was interesting.

At the conclusion of routine business the Senate on request of Senator Aldrich for unanimous consent, agreed to vote on the Financial bill at 3 P. M. next Tuesday.

Senator Clay then spoke. After adverting to the absence during the Paris treaty discussion in the Senate of any contention that the archipelago was to be permanently retained, Senator Clay said:

"It is only of recent date that the secret purpose of those who now declare that our government shall change the policy of a lifetime and deprive the people of their long cherished hopes has been known to have existed from the beginning. I cast my vote in favor of the declaration of a policy looking forward to the independence of these people, and subsequent events have demonstrated that we made a serious blunder when we failed to pass such a resolution.

"Will not Americans endanger the free institutions of America and depreciate the value of freedom and republican institutions when we wrench from 10,000,000 people their country and arrogate to ourselves the right to appoint their public officers and make and execute their laws, against the will and consent of the inhabitants?"

In conclusion Senator Clay presented argument in favor of the resolutions offered by his colleague (Mr. Bacon) declaratory of the government's policy in the Philippines, because it would bear to the Filipinos "the blessed message" that the future control and dominion of the islands would be in the Filipino people.

Consideration of the Hawaiian bill was resumed.

Senator Morgan, Alabama, resumed his speech of yesterday antagonizing on technical grounds the amendment of Senator Teller relating to the establishment of a district court with a district judge in Hawaii, carrying with it the right of trial by jury before the court. He asserted that the bill, as it stood now, would legislate out of office, every Democrat in Hawaii. He did not care so much about that, so far as executive officers were concerned; but when it was applied to judicial officers it was a dangerous practice. He declared his belief that some Senators were determined to give a political complexion to the Hawaiian judiciary.

Senator Clark, Wyoming, proposed an amendment appropriating $250,000 to be paid to Liliuokalani, late queen of the Hawaiian islands, for all interest she may have in the crown lands; the sum to be repaid from the revenue of the crown lands.

Senator Clark maintained that it was only the part of equity and justice that the queen who had been deposed by the United States forces should be reimbursed for the losses she had sustained.

Senator Platt, Connecticut, protested that the right to the crown lands was in the people of Hawaii not in the queen.

After some further discussion the amendment was laid on the table without division. Other efforts were made to amend the bill, but they were of no avail.

Senator Platt, Connecticut, offered an amendment providing that the territory of Hawaii should not at any future time be admitted to the Union as a State or be attached to any State of the Union.

Senator Morgan made the point of order against the amendment that it was offered after 4 o'clock and therefore violated the agreement to vote at that hour.

After some discussion the point of order was sustained.

The measure was then passed without division.

On motion of Senator Foraker, the Porto Rican tariff and Government bill was made the unfinished business.

At 4 45 P. M. the Senate adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The Democrats scored their first victory of the session in the House today on the motion to take up the contested election case of Aldrich vs. Robbins, from the Fourth Alabama district. On two separate votes the Democrats, with the aid of two Republicans—Mr. Mondell of Wyoming and H. C. Smith of Michigan—beat the Republicans upon the question of consideration. An agreement was made to consider the Loud bill, relating to second class mail matter, March 20th, and notice was given that the Wise-Young, Virginia, contested election case would be called up next Tuesday. A bill was passed to grant an American register to the ship Windward, in which Lieutenant Peary will make an attempt to reach the North pole.

Two corrections were made in the votes of yesterday on the Porto Rico bill, Mr. Snodgrass, Democrat, Tennessee, explaining that he had voted to recommit, and Mr. Devrees, Democrat, California, that he had voted against the motion.

Mr. Mann, Illinois, called up a matter of personal privilege, the contested election case of Aldrich vs Robbins, from the fourth Alabama district.

Mr. Barlet, Georgia, raised the question of consideration against the case. By a vote of 138 to 143, the House declined to take up the case. The following Republicans voted against consideration: Mondell, Wyoming; Mann Illinois and H. C. Smith, Michigan,

Just before the result was announced, Mr. Mann changed his vote from aye to no in order to move a reconsideration. When he entered the latter motion Mr. Bartlett made the point that the motion was not in order.

The Speaker sustained the point of order and directed the clerk to call the committees.

The first committee called was Committee on Elections No. 1, and Mr. Mann immediately called up the election case which the House had just refused to consider. The Speaker asked if he was authorized by the committee to call up the case. Mr. Mann replied in the negative and asked unanimous consent that his committee be passed without prejudice.

"I object," said Mr. Bartlett.

The call of committees was then proceeded with, the Democrats jubilant.

Mr. Loud, California, asked unanimous consent to consider the Loud bill March 13th, but on an intimation from Mr. Hepburn, Iowa, that a rule would be reported to consider the Nicaragua bill on that date the Loud bill was set for March 20th, with the understanding that it should not consume more than three days.

Mr. Powers, chairman of the Pacific railroad committee, asked unanimous consent to authorize a committee, consisting of the Secretaries of the Treasury and Interior and the Attorney General, to settle the indebtedness of the Sioux City and Pacific railroad against the government. Mr. Ridley, Kansas, objected.

After the call of committees had been completed Mr. Mann again sought to call up the Aldrich Robbins contested election case, and the question of consideration was again raised against it, pending which Mr. Richardson moved that the House adjourn.

The Speaker ruled that this motion was dilatory, and the vote was taken on the question of consideration.

Again the House declined to take up the case—129 to 133.

At 2 35 P. M. the House adjourned.

WILL NOT FOLLOW BRIGGS.

Prof. McGiffert of Union Theological Seminary Will Seek Fellowship in the Congregational Church.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Prof. Arthur C. McGiffert, of Union Theological Seminary, whose views are the subject of attack by one group in the Presbyterian Church at this time, has definitely decided to withdraw and will seek fellowship in the Congregational denomination.

He first called in to conference about twenty of his closest friends, including men not only close to Professor McGiffert but vitally interested in Presbyterianism. When McGiffert had finished his statement the response from the twenty men present was almost immediately given in favor of withdrawal, and before the conference was over Professor McGiffert said that he would accept the advice and withdraw.

From the same authority it was learned that Professor McGiffert will seek fellowship in the Congregational body. He has no leanings whatever towards the Protestant Episcopal Church, and will not follow Professor Briggs.

This saves the Presbyterian General Assembly a conspicuous heresy trial.

A CARNIVAL ROMANCE.

A Marriage at New Orleans That May Have Tragic Consequences.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—A romance that may have tragic consequences developed here to-day. A man who gives several names and told a number of conflicting stories is locked up at police headquarters. It is charged that he impersonated Captain Clark of the battleship Texas, which is now at this port, and induced Miss Bertha Warten, of Cincinnati, to marry him. Miss Warten, with her brother in-law, Alex. Aronson, of 10 South Canal street, and the latter's family, were stopping at the St. Charles Hotel, where they made the acquaintance of the man who represented himself to be Captain Clark. After a courtship of two days the wedding was celebrated yesterday afternoon. Last night "Captain Clark" went aboard the battleship and acted in such a manner as to arouse the suspicions of the officers. He was locked up and this fact led to an investigation by Miss Warten's relatives. The bride is prostrated.

THE LAST DAY.

For Fire and Life Insurance Companies to File Their Statements.

[*News and Observer, 1st.*]

This is the last day allowed insurance companies under the law to file semi-annual statements of their financial condition with Insurance Commissioner Young and to settle their tax of 2 per cent. on gross receipts. The total of such tax is about $35,000. The penalty for failure to comply with the law is the revocation of the delinquent's license to do business. There are five life and six fire companies and thirteen fraternal orders that have failed to send statements as required.

MORE MONEY FOR STATE GUARD.

Bill Now Pending in Congress to Make Appropriation $2,000,000

[*Raleigh News & Observer,*]

There is a bill now before Congress to increase the appropriation made by the Federal Government to the militia of the several States from $400,000 to $2,000,000. This would give North Carolina five times as much as it has been receiving heretofore. Attorney General Royster and Mr. J. C. L. Harris will go on to Washington when the bill comes up, probably next week, to urge its passage. The present appropriation is wholly insufficient.

WARM WIRELETS.

Four troops of the Fifth United States cavalry in Porto Rico are under orders to return to the United States. Native troops are now being recruited to fill their places.

By an explosion on board the British mail packet France, at Dieppe, six of her firemen were scalded to death and four others are in a critical condition. The passengers escaped unhurt.

The boiler in the engine room of the Warnel Lumber and Veener Company's mill, at Plant City, Fla., exploded, seriously injuring two men and almost wrecking the plant.

The steamer Westover, from Jacksonville for Philadelphia, was seriously damaged by collision with one of the stone piers in the Delaware river at Marcus' Hook, twelve miles below Philadelphia.

Editor's Awful Plight.

F. M. Higgins, Editor Senea, (Ills.,) News, was afflicted for years with Piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes two boxes wholly cured him. It's the surest pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY Druggist. †

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

BULLER'S TROOPS ENTER LADYSMITH

Transvaal Leaders Withdrew Their Forces and Abandoned the Seige.

BRITISH ENTRY UNOPPOSED.

Boer Forces Assembling to Contest Gen. Roberts' Advance—Gen. Joubert Assembling Fifty Thousand Men at Winburg.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, March 2, 4:30 A. M.—Britons feel that they are living in the presence of momentuous events, Tornadoes of patriotic excitement are whirling through the country. Even the dullest soul must have been stirred by the emotions of yesterday, and London's 3,000,000 were raised to a pitch of patriotic exaltation.

It was a wonderful sight. Old men have nothing in memory with which to compare the day. Some likened it to Lucknow, others talked of the fall of Sebastopol. It was a time of singular abandon. The usual conventionals of society ceased to control and everybody else, all joining in smiles or bellowings as their disposition moved them.

Lord Lansdowne chose the psychological moment to announce estimates exceeding £61,000,000 and rather startled the public by unfolding the programme of the war office to send out, in addition to the thirty thousand troops now afloat, 56,000 fresh soldiers. Lord Roberts will ultimately have a force of a quarter of a million.

An order has reached Woolwich arsenal for the construction of 224 new guns, from 3 pounders to 12 inch guns. Of these, 140 are to be naval guns. Already 25,000 workmen are employed at the arsenal and 3,000 more will be engaged. These decisions to send out more men and to increase the home armament meet with universal approval.

The Boers seem to have gotten quite away from around Ladysmith without losing a gun or their baggage. Van Reemen's pass is only about twenty miles from Ladysmith. The enemy had artillery in action Tuesday and they probably utilized both railroads in retreating, sending the heavy pieces to Pretoria and the lighter ones into the Free State.

Dr. Leyds says that General Joubert is assembling 50,000 men at Winburg, seventy miles northeast of Bloemfontein. Col. Albrecht, according to a dispatch from Paardeberg, affirms that the Boers have 75,000 men left.

Whether Lord Roberts is at Bloemfontein now or not, he doubtless will be dating his dispatches there and using the town as his advanced base.

Lord Kitchener's mission is to combine the forces under Gen. Clement and Gen. Gatacre and to advance along the line of the railroad to Bloemfontein. The railway will simplify immensely the perplexities of transport.

The conditions at Ladysmith are now better understood as the military authorities no longer retain their special information. It appears that since the middle of January the horses have been half-starved, and are altogether too weak either to drag guns or to carry cavalrymen. Hence the impossibility of dashing out.

Boers Abandon the Siege.

LONDON, March 1, 9 50 A. M.—The War Office has received the following dispatch from General Buller:

"*Lyttleton's Headquarters, March 1, 9.05 morning.*—General Dundonald with the Natal Carbineers and a composite regiment, entered Ladysmith last night. The country between me and Ladysmith is reported clear of the enemy. I am moving on Nelthrope."

LONDON, March 1, 7:02 P. M.—Generally Buller telegraphs as follows from Nelthrope: "I have just returned from Ladysmith. Except a small guard north of Surprise Hill the whole of the enemy lately besieging the town have retired in haste, and to the south of the town the country is quite clear of them.

"The garrison were on half a pound of meal a man per day and supplementing the meal ration by horses and mules.

"The men will want a little nursing before being fit for the field."

Lord Robert's Strategy.

LONDON, March 1.—Lord Dundonald is assumed to have made a wide turning movement eastward, skirting Bulwana Hill, and General Buller may reasonably be expected to be in Ladysmith with the bulk of his forces by to-night. Whether like Roberts, at Kimberley he will be able to turn the tables on the retreating Boers, remains to be seen. But, opinion here inclines to the belief that no aggressive movement can be immediately undertaken by General Buller's and General White's forces; hence, Lord Roberts is likely to soon have to face the enemy strengthened by large reinforcements from all sides.

While it is generally realized that Lord Roberts' strategy is mainly responsible for the relief of Ladysmith, there is a feeling of anxiety lest his plans suffer from the hordes General Buller might let slip into the Free State. Evidently Lord Roberts is awake to the situation. It is reported in London, but the news is not confirmed, that General French has already reached Bloemfontein, which is not improbable, as the Boers are scarcely expected to make a stand there.

The significance of General Kitchener's presence at Arundel is not yet explained. But wherever he goes something is likely to happen and developments may shortly show strategic plans as interesting as those which culminated in the capture of General Cronje.

Advices from Paardeberg.

LONDON, March 2.—With such determined enemies says a special correspondent telegraphing from Paardeberg under date of February 27, one would suppose that the Boers would have destroyed their guns, small arms and ammunition before surrendering. The only thing injured, however, was a Vickers Maxim piece, which had been hit by a British shell. A British officer and nine British soldiers, who were prisoners, had been provided with deep holes by the Boers and kindly treated.

The Boers inquired anxiously whether Bloemfontein was in possession of the British.

When the order came for the Boer prisoners to cross the river to the British camp they took all that they could carry of such things as pots, pans and blankets, throwing their rifles in two heaps that gradually increased to huge proportions.

As the ford had been swollen by a heavy rain, the Boers took off their trousers and waded across. The scene looked like play rather than war. The men laughed and splashed each other in the water, but among them were some grim faces which looked with disfavor upon such sportiveness.

More Troops for South Africa.

LONDON, March 2.—In the House of Lords to-day Secretary of State for War, the Marquis of Lansdowne, replying to congratulations and a question, prefaced his announcement of the relief of Ladysmith by saying the news had at last reached the fear of an impending calamity. He added that he did not know whether more admiration should be given to General White and the gallant defenders of Ladysmith to the brave men under General Buller, or to Lord Roberts, to whose successful movement was due the fact that the pressure on Natal was relieved.

Continuing, Lord Lansdowne said: "The recent successes will not be made the pretext for any relaxation of our efforts. In the week ending March 3rd eight ships will leave England carrying 4,700 men; during the week ending March 10th, fifteen ships, carrying 11,800 men, will leave for South Africa; during the week ending March 18th, eleven ships with 9,900 men, will sail, and during the week ending March 24th, nine ships with 8,900 men, are to sail. Finally, during the week ending March 31st, six ships, carrying 3,300 men, will sail; totalling about 38,000 men. And during the following month about 17,800 men will be ready, for whom ships have not yet been allotted. The stream of reinforcements will not run dry."

A GREAT SPEECH.

Major Stedman's Effort in the Pretzfelder Case is Highly Spoken of.

[*Greensboro Record.*]

The speech made by Maj. Stedman in the Pretzfelder case Saturday is spoken of in high terms by those who heard it. Its effect on the jury is best told by a gentlemen who is a tip top judge of human nature. He dropped up in the court room and heard the Major talk for some time. When he came down he met a prominent attorney, and remarked:

"That jury is going to give Pretzfelder a verdict."

"How do you know—what makes you think so?" asked the lawyer.

"I have been listening to Major Stedman's speech, and he has got the jury 'nodding' at him and you know what that means. They are unconscious of what they are doing, but it shows they are agreeing with him. Watch and see."

Sure enough he was right. Pretzfelder got a verdict for $3,500.

It may be remarked that about all who followed the hearing thought he would lose, and most of those agree that it was in great part Major Stedman's speech that saved him. He made a most convincing and appealing talk to them, while occasionally he grew pathetic and a suspicious moisture was noticeable in the eyes of several members of the jury.

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BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance

Wanted—500 to 1,500 feet second-hand Chain suitable to be used on log rafts. About half inch gauge. Foro & Foster Co. ma 2 2t

Wanted—A Second-Hand No. 7 Remington Typewriter. Must be in good condition Address, stating price, Typewriter, care STAR. ma 2 2t

Best Cabinet Photographs—Carbonet finish for $2 50 per dozen, beginning Monday, February 26th, and ending March 10th. This offer is positively up at the time dated above, and then is only good with persons bringing this ad. Get in the rush at the Star Studio, 116 Market street. fe 24 1f

The Copartnership heretofore existing between A. P. Yopp and H. H. Helm, conducting a Bicycle business under name of Yopp & Helm, has this day been dissolved by mutual agreement, H. H. Helm purchasing the entire business and will hereafter conduct the same at the stand No 209 Market street. A. P. Yopp. H. H. Helm January 19th, 1900. fe 22 1m

Ringing and Roaring in the head frequently causing irritability and deafness are often brought on by the overuse of an erratic Piano. Our specific treatment for that instrument prevents a recurrence of these annoying sounds. Broken chords extracted and new ones inserted without much pay in. John G. Russell, corner Fourth and Grace streets. Bell 'Phone 198. fe 20 1f

Clover Hay, Peanut Vines, Timothy Hay Rice Straw and all kinds of feed for horses, cows and chickens. Jno S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephone No. 98. fe 10 1f

Be Convinced—To my country friends: I am now better prepared than ever to handle your Produce, etc. Mr. R B. Moore is with me, and will give his personal attention to this department of the business. A. B. Winstead, 113 and 115 North Second street. fe 10 1f

Please Call—We carry a full line of Crockery, Chinaware, Glassware, Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Tinware, etc. John J. Kelly, 81 Market street. ja 16 6m

Tom and Jerry, Hot Spiced Rum, Hot Scotch, Hot Whiskey, Hot Lunch and Oysters every day at The Globe, No. 22 Market street. oct 3 1f

For Sale—Hand-made Buggies of different makes. Also Harness of all kinds; and prices to suit the times. Come and see me when in need of something nice. P. H. Hayden. sep 24 1f

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 3 1f

Why not call on Marshall & Jones for your Blacksmith and Wheelwright work. Electrical Bell work and Plumbing at their General Repair Shops, Seventeenth and Market streets? Bell 'Phone 674, Inter-State 127 call 4. Competent workmen in every department. sep 24 1f

You Owe Us Nothing

for doing right. The druggist who desires to grow in the confidence of his neighbors has no other safe and sure way open to him

We simply solicit your patronage on the grounds of pure Drugs, rightly handled at fair prices.

On this basis we have grown; on this basis we will continue to grow

We are in business to make money, but know full well that we must earn your confidence before we can get your patronage.

JAMES D. NUTT, Druggist.

feb 27 1f Wilmington, N. C.

Crackers,

Crackers, Crackers.

NO MORE USE IN ASKING IF CRACKERS ARE FRESH. WE BAKE THEM EVERY DAY.

Warren's Steam Bakery and Cafe, Opposite Masonic Temple.

feb 25 1f

FOR RENT.

STORE NO. 12 MARKET STREET.

Formerly occupied by me Immediate possession given.

Also, a Ten-barrel Turpentine Still complete, in good order, for sale cheap.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

mar 1 1f 18 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.

War, War, War.

The English may stop the Boers, but they cannot stop business. We are here yet with a few leaders: Rough and Ready Red Wine, Long Leaf, Peach and Honey, and Uncle Isom Tobaccos, Queen of Virginia and War Eagle Cheroots, Three X Elgin Butter, Fall Candles, Toilet Soaps, Paper Bags and Twine, and

Always a Fresh Stock

of Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Molasses, Meats, Meal, Corn and Oats. Impossible to get it all in the paper, but call and we will show you a nice

Fresh stock of Groceries

T. D. LOVE.

Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. Passengers, freight and towage. For rates apply to T. D. LOVE, General Agent. feb 27 1f

Groceries.

CLOSE PRICES, BEST QUALITY, PROMPT SHIPMENTS.

Send us your orders.

D. McEACHERN, Wholesale Grocer.

204 and 206 North Water street. feb 11 1f

The Old Way

Is good enough for some merchants, but it doesn't suit us at all. We believe in new methods, new goods, new bargains, new everything. It used to be the fashion to advertise goods "below cost." We never do that, because it is absurd; but we do sell mighty close to cost, both at

Wholesale and Retail,

HARDWARE, TINWARE, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.,

ORTON BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. jeb 18 1f

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, House Furnishing Goods.....

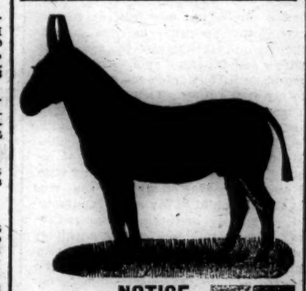
Our Motto, No Fancy Prices.

WE ARE ON THE JOBBERS' LIST AND WILL SELL YOU GOODS RIGHT.

Country Merchants would do well to get our prices before placing orders.

O. P. CAZAUX & CO.

fe 7 1f



NOTICE.

On and after March 1st, I shall discontinue my livery business and shall give special attention to Boarding Horses. Always on hand a full supply of Road and Draught Horses and Mules. All Livery rigs for sale cheap. Big supply of Buggies and Harness on hand Prices right

☞ For Bargains see

F. T. MILLS.

feb 28 1m

MY! MY! MY!

What was it my wife told me to order from—

"The Unlucky Corner?" Oh Yes, I Remember.

ONE can of those delicious Jellied Hocks.
ONE pound of Jumbo Prunes.
ONE Springfield Ham.
ONE can Mountain Rose Pears.
ONE pound extra thin Chipped Beef. "Tell Dan to chip it."
ONE pound Grenoble Walnuts.

Exchange call

S. W. SANDERS, No. 109--quick.

feb 20 1f

:-: ANNOUNCEMENT.-:-

1800 Bags 100 Pound Salt.
1000 Bags 125 Pound Salt.
1400 Bags 180 Pound Salt.
1120 Bags 200 Pound Salt.
118 Barrels Pocket Salt.
175 Bags 100 Pound Table Salt.
100 Bags 124 Pound Table Salt.
100 Bags Dried Apples.
51 Boxes Dried Peaches.
240 Boxes R. P. Snuff.
110 Boxes 3 Thistle Snuff.

W. B. COOPER, Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C. feb25 1f

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Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 1 1f

INTEREST

For quarter ending February 28th is now due and payable. Depositors may bring in their books to have interest entered.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO.

mar 2 1f

The Child's Eyes.

Neither teacher nor parent can afford to neglect the child's visual sense. "Growing eyes" with children are frequently the result of muscular weakness, that may be overcome by wearing the right kind of glasses for a short time

We never "take chances"

We make a most careful examination, and tell you frankly, and to the best of our knowledge, what further steps to pursue, for the ultimate good of your child.

DINGELHOEF BROS., Jewellers and Scientific Opticians.

feb 25 1f PARLOR NO. 123 MARKET STREET.

NEW WASH GOODS.

I am showing an elegant line

— of new Percales, Zephyrs, Ginghams, Outings and Calicoes.

The Ginghams and Outings are especially pretty, with the dainty new effects. The Percales and Zephyrs are just the thing for Shirt Waists, and this will be the biggest Shirt Waist season ever known, and rightly so, for what is more comfortable and cooling?

Our new season's purchase

——is here and now ready for inspection.

Don't you think it would be wise to make your selection now when the stock is at its best? You can buy these goods for less money than they will be later on, as everything has a tendency to increase in price. You can with a small outlay purchase your Summer Outfit.

WHITE GOODS--All the new things in Piques, Lawns, Welts, India Linens, French Nainsook, Persian Lawns, English Nainsook and Long Cloth.

Sole agent for "Her Majesty," "American Lady" and "Dowager" Corsets, also Butterick's Patterns.

MATTINGS AND WINDOW SHADES.

We can do you good in these lines.

--A. D. Brown.--

feb 27 1f

To those who like to be well and fashionably dressed. We are ready to make our handsome and stylish stock of fabrics into perfect-fitting Suits in the latest styles. We guarantee perfect fit, handsome finish, elegance and style with every garment we turn out.

"Umbrellas Covered While You Wait."

Our line of Furnishing Goods is complete in detail.

M. H. CURRAN, 107 PRINCESS STREET.

feb 25 1f

Keep Warm.

FEW $8 00, 10.00 and 12.50 Golf Capes now	$5 00
FEW $5.00 and 6.00 Golf Capes now	2.50
FEW Flannellet Wrappers	75 and 98c
FEW Ladies' and Children's Jackets	$1.50 to 7.50
FEW Boys' Overcoats	$1.75, 2.50 and 3.25
FEW Men's Overcoats	$1 75 to 8.50
FEW SIZES OF ALL KINDS OF UNDERWEAR	
FEW Cotton Blankets	59c
FEW Wool Blankets	$2.75

Hundreds of Remnants at Special Prices.

J. H. Rehder & Co.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 00 or over. feb 20 1f

Snappy Patterns in Shirts & Neckwear

Can be found at my store, and if you contemplate purchasing anything in the line of Furnishings for Men, I can save you money, and at the same time give you stylish goods. My..... $3.00

Shoe is a winner,

and there is no better wearer at any price.

34 Front and Princess A. SHRIER, Men's Wear, Bell 'Phone 565.

feb 20 1f

WO, CHARLIE!

Hello Sam, how far is it to Wilmington?

I have got some trading to do, and I have started there.

Well, Moses, hold on; stop right here and let me put you on a little Racket. You see that mile post yonder at the crook of the road?

Yes, Sam I see it.

Well, Moses, it is just 2 miles from there to Geo. O. Gaylord's Branch Store, corner of Fourth and Campbell street; and Moses, I just want you to look in my cart and see what I have just bought from there for $10.49.

I bought.....

47 yards of White Homespun at 2¾c	$1.29
88 yards Calico, fast colors, at 4c	1.13
9 yards Feather Ticking, good quality at 12½c	1.13
10 yards pretty Worsted, goods for Sallie's dress, at 1½c	.95
1 pair Pants	.40
2 pairs Overalls, at 48c	.16
1 Man's Hat	.48
1 Boy's Hat	.24
1 Ladies' Trimmed Hat	.93
1 pair Shoes for myself	1.15
1 pair Shoes for John	.90
1 pair Shoes for my wife, cloth top	.96
Just see what I got for	$10.49

That is the cheapest place in the city to buy goods. Yes, Sam, I think so; and I am surely going there to spend my cash Yes, Bud, and they will give you a present with every Ten Dollars' worth you buy there.

We are yours, with Bargains for the Spot Cash,

G. O. GAYLORD'S Branch Store,

J. R. BOYD, General Manager.

Bell 'Phone 587. Corner Fourth and Campbell Streets. feb 25 1f

Ring Up Bell 'Phone 84

WHEN YOU WANT

-:-Coal -:- and -:- Wood.

JAMES H. TAYLOR, Agent, 211 South Water Street.

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